U.S. IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT AND ICE COUNCIL 118. AMERICAN FEDERATION OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES

MEMORANDUM OF AGREEMENT

The Parties, the U.S. Department of Homeland Security, U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement ("the Agency" or "ICE") and ICE Council 118. American Federation of Government Employees (AFGE). AFL-CIO ("the Union") hereby enter into this Memorandum of Agreement ("MOA." "Agreement." or "Appendix 2021").

Background:

- The Parties have been operating under the provisions of the predecessor master collective bargaining agreement between the U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS) and the National Immigration and Naturalization Service Council (NINSC) signed on June 8, 2000, also known as Agreement 2000, as modified by a Memorandum of Understanding in response to Case No. WA-RP-05-0029 ("2006 MOU").
- 2. In addition, the Parties entered into a Memorandum of Agreement on July 8, 2018 ("2018 MOA"), extending the provisions of Articles 7, 8, and 9 of Agreement 2000 as modified by the 2006 MOU, for a three (3) year term from July 8, 2018.
- 3. The 2018 MOA provided that Articles 7, 8, and 9 of Agreement 2000, as amended by the 2006 MOU, would be incorporated into the next master agreement but that the Parties could modify the articles by mutual agreement. The Parties thereafter entered into a Memorandum of Agreement on October 1, 2019 regarding Articles 2, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 31, 32, 47, and 48 and Appendix 3 of Agreement 2000, as modified by the 2006 MOU, extending those provisions for a six (6) year term and agreeing to incorporate the Articles and Appendix into the next master agreement but that the Parties could modify the articles by mutual agreement.
- 4. Each agreement provided that the Parties may amend any provision of this Agreement in writing, by mutual consent.
- 5. To amend and supplement the Parties' previous agreements, the Parties hereby agree to the following terms and conditions, as contained in the attached exhibits (including the three (3) side letters), which are incorporated herein by reference. The Parties further agree all existing Agreements between the parties remain in full force and effect, except to the extent modified by this MOA and the attached exhibits, including the three (3) side letters. The attached articles shall henceforth be known as "Appendix 2021 Article X." with X denoting the number of the pertinent article among the exhibits; or, in the case of an attached side letter, it shall henceforth be known as "Appendix 2021 SL X," with X denoting the number of the pertinent side letter among the exhibits.

- 6. The Parties agree that future negotiations over the next master agreement shall not substantively modify any terms of the articles included in the attached exhibits, including the three (3) side letters, or otherwise contain any inconsistent terms. The articles included in the attached exhibits, including the three (3) side letters, shall be placed into the term of the successor master agreement. The Parties may, by mutual agreement only, agree to allow additional substantive modifications to the articles included in the attached exhibits, including the three (3) side letters.
- 7. The Parties agree that negotiations over a collective bargaining agreement are ongoing and that the Parties will continue to negotiate in good faith over a collective bargaining agreement. Neither party intends this MOA and its exhibits, including the three (3) side letters, to constitute a complete, successor collective bargaining agreement.
- 8. The Parties agree that there may be some minor, housekeeping edits needed for the exhibits, including the three (3) side letters. These housekeeping edits are not substantive, but instead would be edits to items such as formatting or numbering. The parties will endeavor to raise any proposed non-substantive, housekeeping issues with the other party within 90 days of execution of this MOA. In the event that one side raises such housekeeping issues, the other side will engage in a good faith review of the housekeeping issues with the goal of resolving such issues. The fact that one side had raised non-substantive housekeeping edits and the other party has agreed to review and resolve them does not permit either party to reopen substantive negotiations over the provisions of the exhibits, including the three (3) side letters.
- 9. This Agreement shall become effective on the date that it is signed by at least one representative of each Party and the articles attached to this MOA shall be effective and in place as soon as this MOA is effective.
- 10. No modifications whatsoever concerning the terms of this MOA shall be implemented or occur without the prior affirmative consent of both parties to this MOA, all other sources of law, contract, and other authority notwithstanding. Such affirmative consent must be secured in writing and witnessed by at least two (2) disinterested witnesses from each side; neither sets of witnesses may, in any respect, overlap. The contracting parties waive, irrevocably and for 8 years, their rights to challenge this aspect of the MOA.
- 11. Any part, provision, representation, right or privilege contained in this Agreement which is prohibited or which is held to be void or unenforceable in any forum of competent jurisdiction shall be ineffective to the extent of such prohibition or unenforceability without invalidating the remaining provisions hereof. To the extent permitted by applicable law, the Parties hereto waive any provision of law which prohibits or renders void or unenforceable any provision hereof. If the invalidity of any part, provision, representation, right, or privilege of this Agreement shall deprive any party of any benefit intended to be conferred by this Agreement, the parties shall negotiate, in good-faith, to

- develop a further Agreement which is as close as possible to the effect of this Agreement as permitted by law without regard to such invalidity.
- 12. The exhibits, including the three (3) side letters, hereunto attached supplement any and all previous agreements herein referenced and incorporated but to the extent there might be any inconsistency, conflict, or ambiguity between or among them as to the rights or obligations of the Parties, the exhibits, including the three (3) side letters, hereunto attached shall control and supersede any and all previous agreements herein referenced and incorporated.

or the Unio	n:
	I die Chie

Chris Crane Kenneth T. Cuccinelli

Date: 1/19/2021 Date: 1/19/2021

U.S. IMMIGRATION AND CUSTOMS ENFORCEMENT AND ICE COUNCIL 118, AMERICAN FEDERATION OF GOVERNMENT EMPLOYIES

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- 11 Any part provision representation, right or privilege contained in this Agreement which is prohibited or which is held to be void or unenforceable in any forum of competent turisdiction shall be ineffective to the extent of such prohibition or unenforceability without invalidating the remaining provisions hereof. To the extent permitted by applicable law, the Parties hereto waive any provision of law which prohibits or renders void or unenforceable any provision hereof. If the invalidity of any part provision, representation, right, or privilege of this Agreement shall deprive any party of any benefit intended to be conferred by this Agreement, the parties shall negotiate, in good-faith, to

develop a further Agreement which is as close as possible to the effect of this Agreement as permitted by law without regard to such invalidity

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For the Agency

For the Union:

Kenneth T Cuccinelli

Date: 1/19/2021

Chris Crane

Date: 1/19/2021

Article 1 UNION RIGHTS

1.1. Exclusive Representatives

The Union is the exclusive representative of the employees in the unit and is entitled to act for audrepresent the interests of all employees in the unit

1.2. Union Representatives

It is a union's right to assign union duties to union representative. At no time will the Agency attempt to designate a union representative to perform any union timetion (e.g., attempt to dietate that a specify union representative will be the designated representative in an examination).

Union representatives will receive official time for the performance of representational duties in accordance with this Agreement.

1.3. Representational Requirements

Union officials are authorized to perform and discharge the duties and responsibilities which may be properly assigned to them under the terms set by 5 U.S.C. § 71 and by the Union in accordance with this Agreement and any supplemental agreement or agreements bereunder. Union officials shall be relieved from official duties during the period they are serving as union officials, in accordance with this Agreement.

The Agency shall not impose any restraint, interfe. or discrimination against employees in the exercise of their rights to organize and designate representatives of their own choosing for the purposes of collective bargaining, the presentation of grievances, appeals from dverse actions, Labor-Management Relations, or upon duly designated employee representatives acting on behalf of an employee or group of employee within the bargaining unit

The Agency recognizes that it may be necessary on occasion that a design union official is required to communicate with employees or managers during duty hours. It is agreed that these

communications will be kept to a minimum and no request for official time is required (e.g. return phone calls and emails)

1.4. Union Right to Be Present at Certain Discussions with Bargaining Unit Employees

Specific Meetings

National Town Halls. For planning purposes, the Agency will notify the National Council of all scheduled town hall me——conducted by senior level officials as soon as planned, but not less than seven days prior to the meeting, unless exigent encumstances require shorter notice. For inschedule—meetings the Agency will notify the National Council as soon as possible.

Local Town Halls: The Agency will notify the local Umon of all scheduled town hall meetings as soon as planned, but not less than seven days in advance of any town hall meetings, unless exigent circumstances require shorter notice.

Union Town Halls. The Council or the local, as applicable, is permitted to schedule and hold town hall meetings with employees and will follow the same respective scheduling and notice procedures provided in Section 1.4.

1.5. Inve Examinations

Prior to any examination, bargaining unit employees will be advised of their right to have union representation. The term examination covers any instance where information, whether by verbal interviews or written memos or affidavits, is solicited from a bargaining unit cover.

The Union has the right to be represented at any examination of an employee in the bargaining unit by a representative of the Age. Ty in connection with an investigation if the employee requests representation. For purposes of this Schiller a representative of the Agency includes investigators from any government entity if the examination either (1) occurs on Agency grounds, (2) includes a supervisory employee of the Agency, or (3) was scheduled, in party, with assistance of the Agency.

The Union will determine which representatives will be assigned to any particular investigatory examination. The Union is authorized up to two represe - c - prese - during investigatory examinations.

The Agency will ensure that the Union representatives will be given at least two workdays to arrive at the examination. Once the employee requests reason of further questioning will take place until the representative arrive. If the representatives are not available due to work schedules or other representational busine—the examination will be postponed for at least two workdays until the designated representatives (or another representative) are available. If a Union representative is

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may ilable due to a showing of exceptional circumstances (e.g., travel, operational requirements, conflicts of interest), the Agency will afford additional time, on a case by case basis, for the Union representance to arrive. Examinations of bagaining unit employees will be conducted in accordance with this Agreement and other binding agreements between the partic

1.6. Access to Information

The Agency will furnish to the Union, or its authorized representatives, upon request, and to the control prohibited by Law, data concerning the Bargaining Units and other matters of direct interest to the Union. The Union shall provide its reason(s) for each such request at the time such request is made.

1.7. Miscellaneous

The Union shall have the right to pre-act its views, either orally or in writing, to the Employer on any matters of concern to include policies and practices and matters affective working conditions.

The Agency agree to investigate thoroughly and address seriously any form of harassine—and retaliation by any management official or any management repre: (2) against a union representative.

Upon request, agatigatoryervisors and managers, to include Field Office Directors and Agency leadership, will meet with Council Officers and local leaders to discuss matters of concern. The Parties will work in pood faith to avoid unnecessary delays in the scheduling of meetings.

If at any time the Agency considers filing a unit clarification with the FLRA regarifing BUEs covered by this Agreement, or a usiders proposing an exactive action to reache positions from collection bargaining under Section 7103(b), it will notify the Council at the onset of discussions and in advance of a decision, to engage the Council in pre-decisional involvement.

The Union may refus seto represent employees in statutory appeals, e.g., before outside agencies such as Merit Syste. Protection Board (adversare) or the Equal Employme. Opportunity Commission (discrimination appeals). The Union may refuse to represent employees in other matters where employees have the statutory right to choose other representation (e.g., replies to proposed suspections) adverse actions, reductions in grade or removals based on unacceptable performance).

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Article 2 OFFICIAL TIME

2.1. Purpose

Offic time in the Agency shall be administed in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 7101 et seq, "The Federal Service Labor-Management Relations Statute" (the Statute as amended, and this Agreement

In administering labor management relations, Union officials will be authorized to carry out their representational responsibilities without fear or reprisal

The purpose of official time is to provide bargaining unit employees time in which to perform Union representational activitic—during normal working hours, without loss of pay to include AUO as addressed herein, or charge to annual leave. This Article provides an equitable process for the allocation and approval of official time and recognizes that the appropriate use of official time benefits both the Agency and the Union.

2.2 Representational Functions

Elected or appointed Union representatives may use of ficial time for representational purposes as provided by 5 U.S.C., /1 et. seq during such time as they are otherwise in a dury status. This time will be without charge to leave and consistent with this Article.

Employees who are not elected or appointed Union representatives may be released from duty on official time in accordance with this Article without charge to leave for appropriate representational purposes consistent with 5.11-S.C., 7101 et. seq. This time will not be charged against any amount of official time bank hours granted to Local or Council Union representatives under this Article.

Official time is prohibited for any activities performed by any employee relating to the internal business of the Union including the solicitation of membership, elections of Union officials, and collection of dues

Employe and re esentances who participate in certain statutory processes, including but not limited to proceedings before the Federal Labor Relations Authority, Merit Sestems Protection Board and the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission will be granted official duty time. Such official time is not limited by this Article, and will not be charged against any amount of official time bank hours granted to the Union under this Article.

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2.3. Release Procedures for Official Time Use

2.3 1. Request for Official Time (Other than Bank Hours)

Each bilion representative/employee will be required to complete Form G-826 (011/20), Request for Official Time, in order to request official time. Union representatives/gmployees are required to generally identify the issue being considered and will provide a telephone number where they can be reached. There is no limit to the amount of official time under this section that the Emion/employees can use, at the local or national level. Union representatives are not precluded in any way from utilizing official time under this section when assigned bank hours by the designated Council or Local official in ac cordancewith this Article.

2.3.2. Acted upon in a Timely Manner

Requests for official time will be acted upon in a timely manner but no later than one workday after receipt by the supervisor. Supervisors will take into consideration the time constraints the Union representative/employee may be bound by. The Union representative/employee will prepare the form pursuant to this Article and submit the form to the first line supervisor or designee. The supervisor will endose the form indicating approval or denial, retain one copy and return one copy to the Union representative/employe...

2.5.5. Official Time Approval/Completion

Union representances will be permitted to leave their assigned work area on official time as authorized in accordance with this Article and Agreement after receiving approval from their immediate supervisor or appropriate management official. Representatives will be released unless the representative's abs —: would create an adverse impact on the Agency's work requirements. Upon completion of the authorize—activity and upon return to duty, the Union representative will advise the supervisor, either verbally or in writing, of the date and time of the return to duty. The supervisor will complete the original request to reflect the total time (hours/dates) used. The supervisor will be rappons ble for forwarding the completed form to the Office of Human Capital Union representatives are required to record their official time in the Time and Attendance system (e.g., WebTA). Non-representative employees granted official time will also be permitted to leave their assigned work area when needed in order to make possible the activities approved for the official time (e.g., meet privately with a Union representative regarding an alleged grievance). The Agency will engage the Council in pre-decisional involvement to create clear guidance for Union representatives and employees when entering official time guidance into the Time and Attendance system.

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2.3.4. Official Time Denial

Should an occasion arise when a request must be denied, in whole or in part, the supervisor will note the reason for denial on the form and return it to the Ution representative/employee. At that time, the representative/employee and the supervisor will anive at a mutually agreeable time to schedule the requested official time. If the representative cannot be released for representational purposes and either had previously represented the employee or the situation requires a specific Union representative's expertise, the Agency will postpone the event requiring Union representation; e.g., grievance meeting, investigative interview, etc., until the representative is released to attend. Except as specifically provided, Union representatives and employee will be authorized reasonable official time to perform functions outlined in this Agreement.

2.3.5. Supervisor's Absence

When the Union representative needs to leave the work site and the supervisor is temporarily absent from the site, the representative can telephonically or electronically request official time from any supervisor or management official and receive verbal approval in lieu of schmitting the form "Request for Official Time" at that time. Approvals and denials will be consistent with this Article.

2.3.6. Request for Extension

On occasion, discussions betwee the Union representative and the employee may take longer than originally anticipated. In these cases, both may contact their supervisors telephonically or by e-mail to noity them of the need to extend the anticipated return time. Requession of the representative's or employee's time will not be denied unless their absence would create an adverse impact on the Agency's work requirements. If an extension is denied, the requested time will be rescheduled by mutual agreement.

2.4. Allocation of Official Time (Bank Hours)

The Conne' will be granted a total of 24,960 bank hours of official time per calendar year which will be distributed and utilized by the Council on an as needed basis and in the amount necessary to meet the workload of the Council.

24,960 hours of official time will be granted to the Conneil on January L of each year. Any unused bank hours of official time from the previous year will expire on the same date.

The Council shall be granted a total of ten 100% official time positions which the Council will assign. However, at its discretion, the Council may assign an additional two official time positions, for a total of 12 100% official time positions. The Council may, at its discreministic matter these 100% official time positions to appoint official time positions ranging from 25% to 100%, in increments of

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5%. For example, the Council may create two 50% positions f romone 100% position, or four 25% positions from one 100% position, and so on.

The Council agrees to provide the Agency with a list of Council representatives who are allocated bank hours of official time and the number of hours allocated to each. The Council will provide an updated list when changes occur.

The Council can distribute any of its remaining bank hours of official time to local representatives on an as-needed basis in the amount necessary to meet the workload of the Locals, in addition to Local bank hours provided in Section 2.4. Absent minual agreement between the Parties, no more than one individual in c.—Local will be assigned Council bank hours of 100% official time for Local use. Locals may allocate and schedule bank hours among representatives in no less than 40-hour increments.

Employees utilizing official time—even those designated at 100% official time, are not precluded from performing regular duties, details, training, and scheduled or unscheduled ovenime.

Local Bank Hours. Each Local will be granted a total of 2,080 bank hours of official inner pecalendar year which will be distributed and utilized by the Local to its ICE representatives on an as needed basis and in the amount necessary to meet the workload of the Local. In Locals where the local president is a CIS employee the ICE Council President will distribute bank hours to the local's ICE representatives.

Each Local Secretary Treasurer/ Treasurer will be granted 208 hours per calendar year to complete necessary reports and forms required by other Federal agencies for the operation of the Local.

2,080 hours of official time will be granted to the Local on January Lot each year. Any unused bank hours of official time from the previous year will espire on the same date.

208 hours of official time will be granted to the Local Secretary Treasure or Treasurer on January I of each yearalAny mused bank hours of official time from the previous year will expire on the same date.

Each Local agrees to provide the Agency with a list of its Local representatives who are allocated Local bank hours of official time and the number of hours allocated to each. The Local will provide an updated list when changes occur

Union representatives utilizing official time, even those designated at 100% official time, are not precluded from performing regular duties, details, training, and scheduled or unscheduled overtime.

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2.5. Bank Time Notification

2.5.1. Introduction

Upon distribution of any of the time authorized in Section 2.4 above, the Council or Local as appropriate will notify the Director of Human Capital of the representatives who will be assigned to the bank time and the approximate amount of time that may be utilized. Such notice will normally be given three workdays before the requested bank time is to commence. The Agency will be responsible for making the appropriate notification to the individual's supervisor within two workdays after receiving the Union's notification. Representative swill be released within forty eight (48) hours unless adverse impact requires the beginning of the bank time to be delayed.

2.5.2. Reporting Bank Hour Usage

The Council President will be responsible for reporting the utilization of Council bank hours to the Director of Human Capital on a quarte p basis. The Local President (or ICE designee where the Local Preside is a CIS employee) will be responsible for reporting the utilization of Local bank hours to the Director of Human Capital on a quarterly basis.

2.6. Additional Hours

Upon request, if the Council determine—in the Council's sole discretion, that it does not have sufficient bank hours to fully participate in PDI and/or bargaining and adequately leok after the interests of BUEs, the Council will be granted an additional 8,320 bank hours of official time per ver: Any additional hours required are subject to national negotiations, as applicable, in accordance with this Agreement.

2.7. Time Not Charged

Time for the following activities will not be charge—to the amount of official time in Section 2.4 above, bin will be made available to properly designated representatives, who would otherwise be in a duty status. Consistent with 5 U.S.C. /131(a) and this Agreement, Union representatives will be granted reasonable and necessary time to carry out the following functions:

- Term agreement bargaining in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 7131(a) and this Agreement, and any related third-party proceedings;
- Mid term bargaining on management initiated or Union inmated changes in conditions of employment, and any related third-party proceedings; or
- Representation of employees, including Union officials, in statutory EEO complaints under 29 CPR 1614

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2.8 Travel Time

Council representatives or Local representatives authorized to use Council bank hours by the Council will be authorized travel for meetings with the Agency. The Agency will be responsible for the payment of travel and per diem. The Council President or designee will coordinate travel authorization with the Director of Human Capital.

A Union representative will be gramed reasonable travel time for the purpose of traveling to assist in representing BUEs within their area of jurisdiction. If the representation is outside the local commuting area of the representative, the Agency will pay travel and per diem copenses.

The Agency will grant travel time and pay travel and per diem expenses for Union representatives who serve as representative—witnesses, or grievants in arbitration cases.

2.9. Travel for Union Designees

Union representative official time and rhavel and per diem provisions of this agreement shall normally apply only to designated Union representatives. However it is also understood that the Union at the local and national level may from time to time designate other employer to represent its interests and to participate in activities including, but not limited to, rating panels, labor management meetit gs, partnership activities, committees, bangaining, or any other such meeting in such about the Agency. Such employees shall, to the extent possible, be local to the meeting in question, and such employees may use Conneil bank hours as consistent with Article 40 of this Agreement for such meetings, and be authorized travel and per die—as necessary for panicipation in such activitie.

2.10. Training

The Agr — agrees that an employee who has been designated by the Local President (or designee) will be granted a minimum of forty (40) hours of official time per calcular year for attendance at labor relations training or other training related to employees' conditions of employment and the administration of the Agre — Official time granted under this section is in addition to the hours granted in Section 2.4 of this Article. Training under this section will generally cover such areas as contract administration, handling of statutory actions such as grievances and information related to Federal pr — or relations laws, regulations, procedure—and Department of Labor requirements.

Written requests, including an agenda, will be forwarded no later than fifteen workdays in advance of the training to the Vinion representative's immediate supervisor. Official time may be used for travel to and from the training. The Agency will respond to the request no later than five workdays from the date it is made.

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Official time for training will be approved unless the absence would create a significant adverse impact on the Agency's work requirements. When a request for official time for training is disapproved for any reason, the particular reasons for such disapproval will be furnished to the representative who made the request and to the Council or Local Union President at the time of disapproval.

2.11. Trips

The Council will be authorized up to a combined total of thirty trips annually (i.e., equivalent of 30 individuals taking 1 trip cach) for the purpose of improving the employee and labor management relationship within the Agency. These trips are separate from other Council travel provided in this Agreement. The trips will be authorized and coordinated with the Labor Management Relations Office in Washington, D.C.,

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U.S. Department of Homeland Security

1 S. Intimgration and Customs 1	margaran		Request for Official Time for	mon Activi
To Supervisory Official: (Designated b	Chymic to approve of	fixal muci From Ur	ion Representative: (Name, Union title)	and thits location;
Pursuant to the negotiated ago	reement, Official Time	e is hereby requested:	as follows:	
Dure and Time requested:	Fotal Hours Ar	the pated:	As twory to be Performed XX (; 0.41 m)	dark or specify;
Place of Contact/Phone Number:	!			
It the antonnation is not previous, explo	on why)			
II. Endorsement by Supervisor;				
The above requested official time is:	Approved (check one) Denied		s. Return one copy to requester e reason for denial:	
III Final endorsement as record	ed on time and attend	lance report;		
bor Date	Fot,111burs		Charged to Figuraction Code declars	nictions below)
School Time Beyon	,	\ \tag{\tag{\tag{\tag{\tag{\tag{\tag{	ne Removed to Dely	

(Mier Completion of Section III, forward a copy to the Office of Employee and Labor Relations) INSTRUCTIONS

Transaction Codes	Type of Official Time
35	Union Contract Negotiations
36	Union/Mid-Term Negotiations
37	Union On-Going Labor Management Relations Activities
38	Union/Grievance/Appeals/Representation

Employee/Supervisors: Enter appropriate Transaction Code at Section III on the form above

Timekeepers: Finter the appropriate Transaction Code for all Union time used on line 03 of the Time and Attendance report.

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Article 3 IMPACT BARGAINING AND MID-TERM BARGAINING

3.1. Partnership

The Agency must keep the Union informed on an ongoing basts of all policies, guidance, and changes to working conditions being considered as well as the different stages of the drafting and review process.

The Agency must provide a policy list to the Union on the first working day of each month listing all policies and guidance under consideration, their most recent status, and their amerpated dates of completion and implementation. If, between monthly updates, a new policy or guidance comes under consideration or a previously reported completion date advances, the Council must be provided the update as soon as possible, but not later than two days after the Age — became aware of the update.

Additionally, the Parties must work collaboratively on creating and maintaining a joint schedule and calendar of events with the purpose of cusuring that bargaining and other events are properly scheduled at a time convenic. Tor both Parties.

3.2. Pre-Decisional Involvement

From time to time during the Dte of the Agreement, either Pairy may propose changes in policies, practices, or working conditions not covered by this Agreement. The Agency recognizes the benefit of the Union being involved in pre-decisional involvement (PDI) to the maximum extent possible. Accordingly, whenever the Agency seeks to make changes in policies, practices, conditions of employment, or working conditions not covered by this Agree.——the Agency will first engage in PDI with the Union followed by formal bargaining it an agreement was not reached in PDI. The Agency agrees that it will engage in PDI without regard to whether the change is negotiable, permissively negotiable, or non-negotiable, and that PDI will begin when ideas are still forming. The parties will exhaust pre-decisional involvement prior to either parties? formal presentation of proposals for working conditions under this Article. All activities identified in this Article related to PDI and formal bargaining will be conducted by way of face-to-face meetings, unless mutually agreed upon between the Parties.

3.3. Initiation

The Union, in accordance with law and the terms of this Agreement, has the right to initiate hargaining on its own and engage in mid-term bargaining over proposed changes in conditions of employment except for matters (I) explic—addressed in this Agreement or another negotiated agreement between the Parties; and (2) where there is a clear and unequivocal waiver of the right to bargain by the Union, including those issues clearly and unmistakably bargained iway as part of the

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legal implementation of other conditions of employment including the negotiation of this Agreement.

3.4. Agency Initiated PDI and Bargaining - Procedures

As applicable, PDI and mid-term bargaining initiated by the Agency shall be conducted in accordance with the following procedures and time frames:

- The Agency recognizes that its statinory notice and opportunity to bargain obligations exist at the National and Local level based upon where the change is mitiated and the Coencil's determination of bargaining level.
- Agency Notice of Intent to Engage in PDI. The Agency will serve all notices of us muent to engage in PDI on the Council President, as we as any relevant Local President (or designees). For all proposed changes, the Council has the right to determine whether National level or Local level PDI/bargaining is appropriate. Agency notice will include at least the nature and scope of the proposed change and its proposed implementation date. If the Agency proposes that the changes are Local level changes, the Agency will provide a detailed written c planation of why the change is believed to be a Local level change. Upon reading, the Council and any relevant Local President, or their designees, will be provided a briefing and opportunity to ask questions to gain a better under the proposed changes and determine the appropriate level of bargaining. The Agency will provide written notice of PDI not less than sixty workdays prior to the proposed implementation date.
- 3. The recognize that sufficient details may not exist before or during PDI for the Council to accurately assess if a matter is appropriate for PDI or bargaining at the Local or National level. Therefore, the Council reserves the right to have Local and Council represe the engage in PDI and/or monitor its progress, and the Council may delay issuance of a final determination on the level of bargaining until after PDI has concluded and the parties have moved forward with formal bargaining. In such instances where the Council has not determined the appropriate level of bargaining, any agreement reached during PDI will require Council review and signature.
- The parties will mutually agree upon dates and locations for too less than three sessions of PDI with each session lasting no less than three days per session, not

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including travel days. The parties may mutually agree to fewer or extended PDI sessions.

- 5. Agency Notice to Initiate Formal Bargaining (Notice of Proposed Change). If the parties are unable to reach an agreement through PDI, the Agency shall present the changes in policies, practices, or working conditions not covered by this Agreement to the Union without regard to whether the Agency believes that the change is non negotiable or de minimis. In all instances, the Union will be permitted the opportunity to review the proposed changes and submit Demands to Bargain, request information and briefings, and otherwise follow the bargaining procedures agreed upon in this Article. The parties recognize that the Agency's initial proposals may have changed during or after PDI, and therefore the written notice will, at minimum, contain the following information:
 - The nature and scope of the proposed change;
 - b. A description of the change;
 - An explanation of the initiating Party's plans for implementing this change;
 - An explanation of why the proposed change is being sought;
 - e. The planned or proposed implementation date;
 - f. Relevant policies, to include current, changed and draft policies; and
 - g. Other applicable documentation necessary to understand the scope of the proposed change.
- 6. The Agency will serve notice of all proposed changes on the Council President, as well as any relevant Local President (or their designees). If the Council determines that a change is National in scope, it will inform the Agency of its intent to bargain the change at the National level. For all proposed changes, the Council has the right to determine whether National or Local bargaining is appropriate.
- 7. Union Demand to Bargain/Information and/or Briefing Request. Within thirty workdays after being served with the notice of the proposed change, and after the Conneil's final determination regarding whether bargaining is appropriate at the National or Local level, the President of the Council or Local President (or their designees), as appropriate, may reasonably request any additional information and the briefings necessary to clarify or determine the impact of the proposed change. At the same time, the Finon shall serve any bargaining demand in writing upon the

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appropriate Agency official. Service related to National Level bargaining will be made to the Chief, Labor and Employee Relations (or designee) and may copy the Agency Director. Service related to Local Level bargaining will be made to the Field Office Director (or designee).

- 8. Union Proposals. The Union will submit bargaining proposals with its demand to bargain. If the Union has requested additional information or a briefing from the Agency related to the proposal from management, amendments to the original proposals and additional proposals may be made within thirty workdays of receipt of the briefing, or receipt of all requested information, whichever occurs last.
- 9. Negotiations. If, following any informal discussions, the Parties are unable to reach agreement on the proposed change, they shall commence negotiations on a mutually agreeable date and site. Absent mutual agreement on a date for bargaining, such negotiations shall commence at a mutually agreed upon site at 900 a.m. on the thirtieth workday tollowing the date the Union served its final proposals on the Agency after the Agency provided all requested information and briefings.
- 10 Implementation shall be postponed illowing for the completion of bargaining, up to ind including negotiability disputes and/or impasse proceedings, except as required by law.

3.5. Union Initiated PD1 and Bargaining - Procedures

As applicable, PDI and mid-term bargaring minated by the Union shall be conducted in accordance with the following procedures and time frames:

- National Service: Service related to National Level PDI or mid-term bargatining initiated by the Council will be made to the Chief Tabor and Employee Relations (or designee) and may copy the Agency Director.
- Local Service. Service related to PDI or mid term bargaining minated by a Local will be made to the Field Office Director (or designee).
- 3. Union Notice of Intent to Engage in PDI. In accordance with service requirements listed in Section 3.5(1) and (2), the Union will serve all nonces of its intent to engage in PDI on the appropriate Agency official. Notice will at minimum include the nature and scope of the proposed change and the planned or proposed implementation date. Upon request, the Agency will be provided a briefing and opportunity to ask questions to gain a better understanding of the nature of the

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proposed changes. The Union will provide written notice of PDI not less than sixty workdays prior to the proposed implementation date.

- 4. The parties will mutually agree upon dates and locations for no less than three sessions of PDI with each session lasting no less than three days per PDI session, not including travel days. The parties may mutually agree to fewer or extended PDI sessions.
- 5. Union Notice to Initiate Formal Bargaining (Notice of Proposed Change). If the parties are unable to reach an agreement through pre-decisional involvement, and absent a manual agreement to extend PDI, the Union shall provide notice to the Agency of its proposed changes in policies, practices, and/or working conditions not covered by this Agreement Service of the Union's Notice to Initiate Formal Bargaining will be made to the appropriate Agency official. The parties recognize that the Union's initial proposals may have changed during or after PDI, and therefore the written notice will, at minimum, contain the following information:
 - The nature and scope of the proposed change;
 - A description of the change;
 - c. An explanation of the mitiating Party's plans for implementing this change;
 - d. An explanation of why the proposed change is being sought;
 - e. The planned or proposed implementation date;
 - Relevant policies, to include current, changed and draft policies; and
 - Other applicable documentation necessary to understand the scope of the proposed change
- 6. Agency Demand to Bargain/Information and/or Briefing Request. Within thirty workdays after being served with the notice of the proposed change, the appropriate National or Local management official identified in 5(1) and (2) or designee may request any additional information and briefings necessary to clarify or determine the impact of the proposed change. At the same time, the Agency shall serve any bargaining demand and information and briefing request in writing upon the appropriate Union official. Service related to National Level bargaining will be made to the Council President (or designee). Service related to Local Level bargaining will be made to the Local President (or designee).

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- 7. Agency Proposals. The Agency will submit bargaining proposals with its demand to bargain. If the Agency has requested additional information or a briefing from the Union related to the proposal from the Union, amendments to the original proposals and additional proposals may be made within thirty workdays of receipt of the briefing, or receipt of all requested information, whichever occurs last.
- 8 Negotiations. It, following any informal discussions, the Parties are unable to reach agreement on the proposed change, they shall commence negotiations on a mutually agreeable date and site. Absent mutual agreement on a date for bargaining, such negotiations shall commence at a mutually agreed upon site at 9:00 a.m. on the thirtieth workday following the date the Agency sc.—ats final proposals on the Union after the Union provided all requested information and briefings.
- Implementation shall be postponed allowing for the completion of bargaining, up to and including negotiability disputes and/or impasse proceedings, exce — as required by law.

3.6. Mediation Requests

When required, the Patties will arrange for mediation services from the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Services (PMCS) during and/or after negotiations.

3.7. Ground Rules for Mid-Term Bargaining

[7]. Ground Rules Apply Unless Changed by Mutual Consent

Except as provided in this Aruele, the following ground rules apply to all mid-term bargaining encod as a result of proposed changes initiated by either Party or any corresponding obligation to bargain over such changes under 5 P.S.C. Chapter 71. These ground rules may only be changed by mittal consent.

N.A. Briefing Sessions

On occasion, there may be a requirement for a second briefing for the Receiving Party to obtain clarification of documentation or other information provided by the Initiating Party. This briefing will be scheduled as soon as practicable to avoid delaying bargaining when possible.

3.7.3. Arrangements

Negotiations will be held in a suitable meeting room provided by the Agency at a mutually agreed upon site. At the National and Local level, the Agency will provide the Union negotiation team with a caucus room, such as a conference room or other private meeting space which is near the negotiation room.

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3.7.4. Office Equipment

The Agency will provide the Union negotiation team with customary and routine office equipment, supplies, and services, including but not limited to computers with Internet access, telephones, office supplies, at least one color printer and photocopier, chairs, and desks or tables.

3.7.5. Date and Time

The starting date and the daily schedule for negotiations will be established by the Chief Negotiators, consistent with this Article.

3.7.6. Alternates

Each Party may appoint alternates to substitute for their negotiating team members when absent.

3.7.7. Documenting Agreement

During negotiations, the Chief Negotiator for each Party will signify agreement on each section by mitialing the agre—a pon-section. The Chief Negotiator for each Party will retain his/her copies and will mitial the other Party's copy. This will not preduce the Parties from reconsidering or revising any agreed-upon section by mutual consent. Chief negotiators may agree to utilize confirmation by entail to signify the agreement of sections during bargaining.

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It is agreed that either team may take caucuses and may leave the negotiation room to caucus. There is no limit on the number of caucuse—which may be field, but each Party will anempt to restrict the number and length of caucus—.

3.7.9. Agreement

The agreement shall not be completed and finalized until all proposals have been disposed of by mutual consent. Negotiation disputes, including questions of negotiability and resolution of impasse will be processed in a manner consistent with 5 USC Chapter 71 and implementing regulations. This will not serve as a bar to the Parties concluding by mutual consent a general agreement on those items which have been or remain to be negotiated.

3. 410. Consistent with Master

Agreements reached pursuant to Local Level mid-term bargaining may not be inconsistent with the terms of this Master Labor Agreement.

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3.7.11. Chic Negotiators

Each Party shall always be represented at the negotiations by one duly authorized Chic Negotiator/Chief Spokesper—who is prepared and authorized to reach agreement on all matters subject to negotiations and to sign off on agreements for their respective Party.

3 12 Bargaining Teams

The Union will be authorized at least the same number of Union representatives on official time as the Agency has representatives at the negotiations table, however not less than six representatives. The designated Union negotiators will be on official time for all time spent during negotiations, including attendance at impasse processing and for other related duties during negotiations, such as preparation time and time spent developing and drafting proposals.

3. 113 Negotiability Disputes

If either Party intends to declare a proposal is nonnegotiable, it will first convey the basis for the regotiability claim $\frac{N_0^2}{N_0^2}$ the other Party in an effort to resolve, to include allowing the other Party to revise any proposal to overcome questions of scope of bargaining or duty to bargain during the period of negotiations.

If any proposal is claimed to be nonnegotiable by either Party and subsequently determined to be negotiable, or the declarity Party withdraws its allegations of non-negotiability, the proposal will, upon request, be reopened within a reasonable period of time. Such request must be made within twenty workdays from when written notice is served on the other Party indicating the proposal is declared to be negotiable or the claim that the proposal is nonnegotiable is withdrawn. Northing in this section will preclude the right of judicial appeal.

3.7.14 Modification

All timeframes in these ground rules may be modified by mutual consent.

38,15. Travel and Per Diem

The Agency will pay travel and per diem expenses for Union negotiators, bargaining team members and subject matter experts.

3. 16. Work Hours

Absent mutual agreement, the alternate work schedules and flexitour schedules of the Umon representatives will be convered to regular tours of duty (i.e., Monday through Friday) and work hours adjuste Laccording to the agreed upon hours of negotiations. Upon request, the Agency will

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make every effort to ensure National and Local representatives suffer no loss of pay due to loss of scheduled or unscheduled overtime when participating in and preparing for negotiations.

3.7.17. Observers

Observers shall be permitted in negotiating sessions when invited by either Party. Absent mutual agreement, the Parties will provide each other a minimum of 48 hours' nonec of observer attendance.

3.8. Service of Notices and Demands

Service of all notices, requests, demands or documents provided for under this Article shall be accomplished by electronic mail or personal delivery. When service is by personal delivery the date of service will be the date the recipient signed on the notice of service. When service is by email, service will be made and the delivery date is the next business day after the email was sem, unless there is affirmative evidence that the email did not reach its intended recipient.

3.9. Post Implementation Bargaining

The Parties agree that effective management of the Aganey and its resources is a manual concern. The Parties further agree that on very rare occasions the Agency may have to engage in expedited implementation of matters affecting conditions of en ployment. In those rare instances, the Parties agree that they will engage in the full range of post implementation bargaining provided by this Article, in an expedited manner as soon as practicable. The Parties agree that the rare instances referred to in this section are: (1) emergencies caused by natural disasters (such as hurricanes, cambquakes, floods, or velcanoes), declarations of war, or building condemnation; or (2) changes in law that are not otherwise covered by this Agreement.

Any time the Agency seeks to rely on this Section to implement a charge to conditions of employment prior to bargaining the Agency will provide the Union, as soon as possible, with a document explaining, with specificity, the reasons that the implementation had to occur prior to bargaining. If the Union files a grievance challenging whether the Agency violated its bargaining obligations by implementing a change in working conditions prior to bargaining, the Agency bears the burden of establishing that it complied with this Section.

3.10. Pilot Programs

The Parties agree that, should the Agency detertuine it will utilize pilot programs involving and/or impacting bargaining unit employees, it will serve notice on the Council President and Local Presidents involved, or their designees, to initiate PDI at the time ideas on the pilot and its subject matter are first forming. The Agency agrees that the starting and ending date for the pilot program

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will be shared with the Enion as soon as is practicable and will be discussed during PDL During the pilot, the Agency is responsible for maintaining a list of all matters piloted and ensuring all practices and policies piloted cease on the pilot's end date. If agreement is not reached through PDL, the Agency will provide notice to the Union and the Parties will bargain the changes prior to in plementation in accordance with this Article.

3.11. Department Level Changes

In accordance with this Article, the Agency will provide notice and opportunity to conduct PDI and bargaining to the Union when Department level changes are issued to the Agency for implementation. Nothing in this Section waives any right of the Union to contend that the Agency cannot implement the proposal because, for example, it is already covered by a negotiated agreement.

3.12. Unique Initiatives

The Parties acknowledge that the Agency may, during the Pfe of this Agreement, engage in unique initiatives that have the intent or potential to create changes in policy and working conditions involving bargaining unit employees. The unique nature of some initiatives (e.g., ERO 2.0, ERO 2.0 "Style") may require specially calored ground rules to c -- the initiative is conducted in compliance with the provisions of this Article. In accordance with this Article, the Agency will notify the Union of any initiatives while ideas are still forming and provide notice to imitate PDI. The Agency agrees that the starting and ending for the initiative will be shared with the Union as soon as is practicable and will be discussed during PDI. If the parties are unable to reach an agreement through PDI, upon request by the Union, the Parties will initiate ground rules bargaining, prior to beginning the initiative to address the unique nature of the initiative and reach agreement on provisions that ensure all provisions of this Article are adhered to during the impative and prior to engaging in traditional bargaining over the initiative. During the initiative, the Ar - r is responsible for maintaining a list of all changand tested, and the offices where it occurred, and ensuring all changes, practices and policies involved cease on the initiatives end date. These lists will be provided to the Council upon request. If agreement is not reached through PDI, the Agency will provide notice to the Union and the Parties will bargain the changes prior to implementation in accordance with this Article

3.13. Waivers

Nothing in this Agreement shall be deemed to waive either Party's statutory tights unless such waiver of the lawful rights given to the Agency or the Union by the Federal Labor Management Relations Statute, 5, U.S.C. 71, is clearly and unmistakably set forth in this Agreement and

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understood to be waived by both the Union and the Agency.

Article 4 OFFICE SPACE AND FURNISHINGS

The Agency will provide dedicated office space, equipment and furnishings to each local. T Agency will continue to provide established office space, equipment and furnishings to those locals that already have offices as it had prior to the effective date of this Agreement, if it complies with the requirements of this Article.

In those locations where the Agency is unable to provide dedicated local union office space, equipment and furnishings, the Parties will bargain over space, equipment and furnishing requirements that are reasonable and necessary for the local to perform its representational dattes at that work location including maintaining its files; conducting private conversations with employees, while still having the ability to conduct other business; and conducting meetings. When office space becomes available in a work location where there was previously none for that local, the Agency will make space available to the local and the Partie, will bargain consistent with this Article.

The Union's office space will be conveniently located to allow most employees easy access.

Council Office Space. Within 30 days of the effective date of this Agreement, the Agency will provide the C. — with des —— office space in the Washington, DC Alerropolitan Area at the same facility where the IC.. Director and the Executive Associate Director of Enforcement and Removal Ope —— are located. The space will be consistent with this Article and will be separate from any Local Union space at that location. Additionally, the space will be s——frent for a sconfere——room table seating at least 6 individuals. The Parties will utilize pre-decisional involvement when selecting the space, and if unsuccessful, will negociate in accordance with this Agreement and other binding agreements between the parties.

Furnishings. The Union office space will be furnis—with desks, chain lockable file cabinets, bookcases, conference tables, printer carrs, and other furnishings commensurate with what is generally used in that work location.

Cleaning and Maintenance. T — Agency will provide routine cleaning and maintenance service in all. Union occupied space where it is located in Agency (icilities. The Union is responsible for ensuring accessibility to its space during normal cleaning and maintenance schedules.

4.1. No Charge

There will be no charge to the Union for space, furnishings, cleaning, maintenance and equipment.

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4.2. Ongoing Negotiations

The Parties agree that negotiations over a Facilines and Service, article are ongoing and that the Parties will continue to negotiate in good faith over that article for inclusion in the new collective bargaining agreement.

Article 5 PRE-IMPLEMENTATION BARGAINING

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No modification: what rever concerning the policies, hours, functions, alternate work schedules, resources, tools, compensation, and the like of or afforded employees or contractors shall be implemented or shall occur without the prior affirmative consent of both parties to this Agreeme all other sources of law, contract, and other authority notwithstanding. Such affirmative consent must be secured in writing.

S Article 6 No Bypass Of THE UNION

Consistent with Article I, Union Rights of this Agreement and := 1.8.C., C. := :71, the Agency will not communicate directly with employees regarding conditions of employment in a manner that will ouncil bypass the panels.

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Article 7 EMPLOYEE ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

7.1. Policy

The Parties agree and recognize that some conjects in the workplace may experience situations in their personal lives such as divorce, death or financial problems which may impact their ability to perform their duties in an acceptable manner. The Parties further recognize that some employees may: for from treatable illnes and disorders that occur as a result of alcohol, drug and substance abuse. Therefore, it is the policy of the Agram and the Union to work together to encourage employees office performance and conduct are adversely affected to seek counciling assistance or medical treatment.

7.2. Employee Assistance Program

The Agency agrees to establish an Employee Assistance Program (EAP) and make this service available to all employees at no cost during the first eight sessions. The EAP will be staffed with

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certified professional counselors who will assist employees in addressing problems that may have had an adverse effect on their job performance, reliability and health.

The Parties will encourage employees to seek employee assistance and recognize that in addition to this Agreement, the EAP can be important in preventing and intervening in workplace violence incidents; delivering critical incident stress debrictings; and providing assistance to management and employees during Agency restructuring or other major organizational transitions or developments.

The EAP services provided by the Agency will consist of the following:

- Contidential, free, short term counseling to identify and assess problems and help employees in problem solving.
- Referral, where appropriate, to a community service or professional resource that provides treatment and/or rehabilitation;
- Follow up services to help an employee readjust to his or her job during and after treatment, e.g., back to work conferences;
- Training sessions for managers and supervisors on handling work related problems
 that may 1e relate to substance abuse or other personal, and/or health related
 problems;
- 5. Briefings to educate management and union officials on the role of EAPs; and
- Briefing and a brochure during orientation for new employees on the availability and services provided by the EAP program.

Supervisors so offer the availability of the EAP to employees who are experiencing situations that have adversely affected an employee performance and conduct; however, supervisors will not after up to diagnose employee problems; conducting abuse, depression, etc.

The Agency will publicize and post information regarding the EAP in those areas that are frequented by employees such as break and lunchrooms, bulletin boards, etc. The information will melade, at a minimum, the relephone number, location, and hours of operation of the EAP.

7.3. Voluntary Participation and Employee Responsibility

Although the existence and functions of the EAP will be publicized to employees, no employee will be required to participate or be penalized for declining referral to the program.

Prior to leaving the workplace to meet with an EAP counselor, the employee should request permission from his or her supervisor. Employees who do not want their supervisors to know of their attendance most plan for EAP appointments outside of duty hours or request leave in accordance with this Agreement and the other binding agreements between the parties.

7.4. Access to EAP Services

The Agency may grant periods of excused absence to an employee for participation in the EAP for problem identification and referral to an outside resource and for general employee orientation or

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education activities provided that the employee informs the supsiminor of the appointment Employee will be excused from duty without charge to pay or leave, to meet with an EAP counselor for a minimum of eight sessions with the actual number being based on sound climical indement as determine by the EAP counselor.

When necessary, employees who are referred to local community services beyond the number of sessions authorized without changing leave, for the long term treatment of alcohol, drug related, or personal problems will request leave e.g. Sick Leave, Annual Leave or Leave without Pay (LWOP).

If after the completion of at least the initial eight sessions, the EAP counselor determines that additional sessions are required, the Agency will be responsible for providing the continuing assistance. An employee may initiate a new initial eight sessions if a new issue arise requiring FAP assistance.

7.5. Confidentiality of the Program

The Parties recognize that all coldidential information and remain an employee's counseling and treatment through the EAP will be kept confidential and maintained in accordance with The Privacy Act of 1974 (5 U.S.C. 552a).

Without an employee's specific written consent, the Age of may not obtain information about the substance of the employee's involvement with the EAP. The EAP staff will provide the employee with a written notice converning the confidential nature of EAP records along with the conditions where information discussed in counseling may be disclosed and inform the employee that there is three types of disclosure:

- Disclosure with consent. The employee's written consent is obtained before any information is released, compt where disclosure without the consent of the client is allowed;
- Disclosure without consent. This disclosure is only permissible in a few instances, such as the following:
 - To comply with Executive Order 12564, "Drug Free Federal Workplace;"
 - An EAP is required by law to report incidents of suspected child abuse and neglect (in some States, elder and spouse abuse) to the appropriate State and local authorities; and
 - c. An EAP may make a disclosure to appropriate individuals, such as law enforcement authorities and persons being threatened, if the employee has committed, or threatens to commit, a crime that would physically harm.

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someone. This can be done only if the disclosure does not identify the employee as an alcoholic or drug abuser.

 Secondary disclosure. Any information disclosed with the employee—consent must be accompanied by a statement—hat prohibits further disclosure unless the consent expressly permits further disclosures.

Confidentiality and its Relationship to Unacceptable Performance, Disciplinary and Adverse Action

Any information obtained from the EAP with the employee cauthorization may not serve as the basis for disciplinary or adverse actions unless required to enforce the law or terms of last chance agreements. Disciplinary actions should be based on job behavior or performance problems, not progress in a counseling program. In evaluating an en ployee's work performance and job related conduct as part of a last chance agreement, the supervisor will consider whether an employee referred to counseling is cooperating with a recommended plan of counseling.

If an employee receives a proposed disciplinary or adverse action, and the employee notifies the Agency for the first time that

- the employee ha sa substance abuse or a physical medical problem, e.g. sleep apnea, that significantly commbuted to the misconduct; and
- the employee is seeking the services of the EAP;

management will consider placing the proposed action in abeyance for a period of not more than one year while the employee undergoes treatment under terms and conditions agreed to by the employee. This provision only applies in the first instance of substance abuse and does not apply if severe, eggegious or criminal misconduct is involved.

If a decision is made by the Agency to hold an action in abeyance in accordance with this Section above, and there are no further instances of related performance or conduct problems at the end of the specified period, the Agency will consider rescinding and closing the pending action.

Should the employee victarc any terms of the agreed upon conditions or is involved in additional misconduct during the abevance period, the proposed action will continue to be processed in accordance with the procedures outlined in 5 CFR 752 and elsewhere in this $\Delta gree$.

Should the Agency consider a last chance agreement, the Union and employee will receive a minimum of 20 workdays advanced written notice of the agency's decision to offer a last chance agreement.

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Article 8 TRAINING AND DEVELOPMENT

8.1. Employee Development

The Agency and the Union agree that the training and development of employees within the unit is a matter of primary importance to the parties. The Agency agrees to develop and maintain forward looking effective policies and programs designed to achieve this purpose and engage the Union in partnership when developing, implementing and administering training policies, practices and guidance. Employees are encouraged to take advantage of training and educational epportunities which will add to the skills and qualifications needed to increase their efficiency in the performance of their duties and for possible advancement in the Agency.

8.2. Fair and Equitable / Service Needs

The solicitation and nomination of employees to participate in training and career development programs and courses will be transparent, fair, equitable and free of personal favoritism.

8.3. Schedule Variations

En ployees may be granted variations within the normal workweek, including leave without pay, for educational purposes.

8.4. Individual Development Plan

The Agency encourages the individual employee to develop a personal plan for career selfdevelopment. In developing this plan, the employee may seek counseling and advice from the supervisor. The Agency agrees to provide lists and cardogs on available Agency raining at the local and national level.

8.5. Eliminated Positions

The Agency agrees that, when an employee is reassigned due to the position previously held having been eliminated, sufficient training will be given to the employee to enable him or her to perform the duties of the new position.

8.6. Out-Service Training

The Agency will pay authorized expenses for out-service training at a facility, approved by the Agency when the following conditions have been met:

- The training has been applied for and approved in advance;
- Such training will enable the employee to increase his or her proficiency in the current position (i.e., the training is job related);

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- Funds are available to pay for the training program (or the training is at no cost);
- The course is not being taken solely for the purpose of obtaining a degree; and
- 5 The approval of such training will not create undue interference with operational requirements or an imbalance in staffing patterns.

8.7. Training Records

The Agency will maintain records for all employees who receive Agency maining. The Agency will assign training for trainex level positions consistent with applicable policy and the needs of the Agency.

8.8. Partnership

The Agency will engage the Union at the local and national level on all training related matters, first through pie decisional involvement, and then though formal bargaining, in accordance with Article 16, Pre Decisional Involvement and Article 3, Impact Bargaining and Mid Tenn Bargaining.

8.9. Fair and Equitable Selection

Supervisors will make assignments based on Agency needs but will make every effort to be fair and equiable in this regard. To the extent permitted by law, the Agency will bargain wheels and other methods with the Union for making selections from a group of qualified candidates.

Article 9 UNIFORMS AND APPEARANCE

9.1 Appearance and Attire

911. Definitions

Attire refers to the clothing that employees wear to work.

Protective Clothing and Equipment refers to special clothing and equipment for the protection of personnel in the performance of their as:

tasks, pursuant to 5.118. 5.8.7903

9.1.2. Appearance of Employees

Subsection A

All employees, including officers, will maintain a neat and clean appearance.

Subsection B

Employees not wearing a unit one may wear work appropriate casual anire, such as pants or jeans and a blouse, sweater, or shirt, consistent with the prevailing norms in the community unless performing duties that require more formal anire, such as tesutying at court.

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ICE HQ, OPLA and CFO offices will maintain the status quo on appropriate work arrive unless a change is bargained at the local level.

Subsection C

Provisions for employees wearing a uniform, such as mechanics, are outlined in the Uniforms Section of this Article beginning at 9.2.

Although the Parties recognize that ICE officer and agent positions are not uniformed positions, in some instances officer safety dictates that the officers be distinctly and readily marked and identifiable to calculate, the public, and officers from other law enforcement agencies (i visible badges, patches and agency jackets and caps). Law enforcement officers will not be required to wear a uniform but will be required to wear articles of clothing identifying them as law enforcement officers when the Agency or individual officers determine that doing so promotes officer safety or better serves the needs of the Agency. Not all duties require officers to wear clothing that easily identifies them as law enforcement officers.

Subsection D

The clothing, accessories jewelry, and appearance of law enforcement officers must not compromise the safety, ability to perform their duties, or their reputation as federal officers sworn to enforce the law.

Subsection E

Nothing in these provisions or provis ans related to grooming and jewelry is intended to prevent employees from expressing their sincerely held religious beliefs, consistent with applicable law, rules and regulations.

9.1.3. Grooming

Hair and facial hair must be neat and clean and not interfere with the employee's ability to perform their duties or compromise safety.

4gued C

9.1.4 Issuance of Law Enforcement Attire/Equipment

Allowance. Within ninety days of the effective date of this Agreement, the agency will provide an allowance of \$250 per officer, minus any amount already provided in the fiscal year of this allowance, to purchase ICE marked shirts, jackets, hats, wind or rain jackets, cold weather jackets, re—evests, tactical gloves and other items the officers select from an authorized provider. Every officer is required to maintain, in a minimum, two ICE marked shirts, one jacket, and one hat so to be ready to perform his or her duties. The agency will provide new ERO officers with the same allowance. Annually, commencing with EY 2022 and no later than two months before the end of

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each fiscal year, the ageny will provide an allowance to existing officers to maintain shirts, jackets, and other items through an authorized provider. In addition, the agency will supply officers with the equipment listed in Section 9.1.6. The parties will negotiate an allowance amount for FY 2022 and beyond for inclusion in the new master labor agreement.

New Officers/Agents. ICE Academy trainces will receive their law ent attire/equipment allowance at least three weeks prior to departing the academy. They will receive the remainder of their law enforcement equipment as provided in Section 9.1.6 prior to departing the academy or upon amival at their duty location. Upon reporting to their Field Office, officers transferring from another DHS Law Enforcement Agency who are not required to attend the ICE Academy will receive their Liw enforcement attire/equipment allowance and be issued all equipment allowed by statute and regulation by the cumulative total of uniform allowances.

9.1.5 Marked Clothing for Law Enforcement Officers

Subsection A

If another Agency's policies require law enforcement officers to be marked in order to enter its institution or facilities. E.RO officers will be properly marked or identifiable

Subsection B

FRO officers may be required to wear professional, business attire for ceremonial occasions, or other events which likely dictate professional attire.

Subsection C

Items available to officers on the Uniform Website or otherwise do not require branding such as "FRO" or "ICE." The Agency will work with the Union through pre-decisional involvement to determine which items will be branded. The Parties will also seek items for the website that allow branding to be removed and reattached, or concealed.

9.1.6. Tactical/Protective Clothing and Equipment

Law enforcement officers will be issued at a minimum, the following items:

- One duty holster;
- One duty belt;
- One concealed carry holster;
- 4 Four ammunition magazine pouches;
- Two handcuffs and ponches;
- 6 Handcuff key:
- Flashlight with holder/pouch;
- 8 Collapsible steel baton with holster/pouch to baton certified officers only;

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- Chemical spray with holster/pouch to chemical spray certified officers only.
- Electronic defense modules/electro-muscular disruption devices (i.e., Taser) and holster; if authorized and training is developed
- 11. CPR mask and pouch, if current CPR training advises their provision and use;
- PPE glove pouch;
- 13 Tactical gloves;
- 11 Body armor with carrier with factical profession panel set; and
- 15 Badge holder with neck chain

9.1.7. Additional Equipment

The Agency will provide additional equipment if needed based on an officer's assigned duties. Law enforcement officers that routinely perform high risk field operations (e.g., Task Forces or Special Teams) will be issued all necessary equipment including Level III body armor or other appropriate protective gear.

9.1.8. Replacement of Law Enforcement Items

If any law enforcement equipment issued to an officer pursuant to Section 9.1.6 no longer fits, is unserviceable, or is lost or missing, the officer will notify their immediate supervisor so that the items can be repaired or replaced in a timely manner, as appropriate. Body Armor will be tracked by the Agency and replaced in a timely manner prior to expiration. The Agency will make every reasonable effort to custine that replacement items will be provided within thirty calendar days.

Law enforcement officers will not be prohibited from performing daily work and will not be denied available overtime opportunities if the Agency does not provide uniform items or equipment in a timely manner, provided the officer did not substantively contribute to the delay.

9.1.9 Exemptions

The Parties recognize that threats to employee safety, medical issues, or religious needs may call for the employee to be exempt from attire and appearance policies. The Agency may to orarily exempt an employee to address the concern.

9.1.10. Casual Dress Days

Provisions in this Article will not preclude employees from participating in casual dress days such as "dtess down bridays" consistent with the duties assigned that day.

91.11. Tattoos

Inappropriate fattoos will not be visible, If a dispute arises involving interpretation of this provision, either the Agency or the Union may refer the matter to the National Parties to consult the bargaining history about the meaning of the word "inappropriate". A joint response from the National Parties will be binding on the Local Parties. Grievances may be filed in accordance with

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Article 11, Grievance Procedure.

9.1-12. Jewelry

Jewelry that creates a health or safety hazard, impedes the employee's ability to carry out their duties, or is inappropriate in nature, is prohibited.

9113 Changes to Attire and Appea :e

Prior to making any changes to existing policies concerning appearance and attire, the Parties will engage in pre-decisional involvement (PDI), and if PDI is unsix———negotiate in accordance with Article 3, Impact Bargaining, and Mid-Term Bargaining.

The Parties agree that in order to facilitate implementation of any proposed changes to policies concerning appearance and attice, the Agency will engage the Union in pre-decisional involvement in accordance with Article 3, Impact Bargaining and Mid Term Bargaining.

9.114. Concerns About Attire and Appearance Policic

If the Union has concerns about attice and appearance policies, the Union and the Agency will meet and engage in pre-decisional involvement to address the Union's concerns.

9.1.15. Alternate Sources of Items and Equipment

Law enforcement officers are permitted to purchase and wear marked atme, identitying items and tretical equipment from other manufacturers/sources as long, as they meet the same basic require——as an issued nem and/or are approved to do so by a supervisor beforehand. Employees will be notified in writing if items are deemed not to meet the same basic requirements as the issued item.

9116 Grievance Procedures

Any disputes resulting from this Article may be grieved in accordance with Aincle 11, Grievance Procedure.

9.1.1". Uniforms

Uniform issuance for non-LEO uniformed employees and limited uniform issuance for specialized ERO Law Enforcement instructors, teams and cerc onial details is outlined in the Uniforms Section of this Article beginning at 9.2.

9.2. Uniforms

9.2.1. Definitions

Uniform refers to a specified article or articles of clothing that may include, but is not limited to,

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such items as shoes, boots, hais, shirts, slacks, skirts, or outerwear an employee is required by an agency to wear to provide a distinctive and easily identifiable appearance in performing his or her job. A "uniform—does not include protective equipment required for the employee's safety under 5 U.S.C. 7903 or normal business or work aftire purchased at the discretion of the employee.

Protective Clothing and Equipment refers to special clothing and equipment for the protection of personnel in the performance of their assigned tasks, pursuant to 5 U.S.C., 1903.

9.2.2 Uniformed Positions

cessful,

Non-LEO Positions. For any non-LEO position (¿a., Mechanics, Maintenance, etc.) that require the en-ployee to wear specific uniform or articles of clothing, the Agency will provide the necessary uniform and/or laundry service so they have clean, serviceable uniforms available and in advance of when they perform their duties. Alternatively, the Agency will provide an annual uniform allowance of 8500 per fiscal year contingent on the continued legislative authorization and not to exceed the maximum amount allowed by statute and regulation. The Agency will also provide basic protective gg : (such as safety glasses and boots) to these non-LEO employees. The Agency will provide additional equipment based on an employee's assigned duties.

Special Teams. Specialized law enforcement teams (e.g., Special Response Te — Crisis Negotiation Team, Disturbance Control Team), requiring mission specific minforms and tactical equipment will be provided the necessary uniforms and equipme . The Agency will also provide basic protective gear (such as safety glasses and boots) to these special teams as needed.

Instructors. Firearms, defensive actics, and other factical instructors will be provided an allowance to purchase the necessary uniform items for their duties. For full time instructors (1) within ninety days of the effective date of this Agreement, the Agency will provide an initial allowance of \$300 for all existing instructors; (2) upon $ee^{-i\phi}$ the Agency will provide an initial allowance of \$300 to all new instructors; and (3) annually, and no later than two months before the end of the fiscal year, the agency will provide an allowance of \$250 to all instructors to maintain their uniforms and/or to purchase new uniform items. For all other instructors: (1) within ninety days of the effective date of this Agreement, the Agency will provide an initial allowance of \$200 for all existing instructors; (2) upon certification, the Agency will provide an initial allowance of \$200 to all new instructors; and (3) years, and no later than two months before the end of the fiscal year, the agency will m subse provide an annual allowance to all instructors to maintain their uniforms and/or to purchase new uniform items. This allowance is in addition to the allowance the officer receives pursuant to Section 9.1.4 above, if the officer is reasonably expected to perform dual dutic. No individual employee may exceed the maximum amount allowed by statute and regulation by the cumulative total of uniform allowances. The parties will negotiate an allowance amount for FY 2022 and beyond for

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inclusion in the new master labor agreement.

Ceremonial Dress. For honor guards and other ceremonial teams that perform duties which require team members to wear ceremonial or dress uniforms, the Agency will issue ceremonial uniforms and associated uniform items and will reimburse all hundry consistent with maintaining the ceremonial uniforms. The Agency will also provide all related equipment (e.g., spats, frog, bagpipes, flag, flag carrier, aignificates, rain gear, belts).

9.3. Maternity Uniforms

Upon notification to the Agency by the employee of a pregnancy, materiary uniterns will be issued to the employee as needed as long as the employee performs work assignments normally assigned to uniformed employees.

9.4. Additional Equipment

The Agency will provide additional equipment if needed based on an officer's assigned duties. Law enforcement officers that routinely perform high risk field operations (e.g., Task Porces or Special Teams) will be issued all necessary equipment including Level III body aimor or other appropriate protective gear.

9.5. Uniform and Equipment Provisioning

Employees will not be prohibited from performing daily work and will not be denied available overtime opportunities in the Agency does not provide uniform neros or equipment in a much manner, provided the employee did not substantively contribute to the delay

9.6. Exemptions

The Parties recognize than threats to employee salety, medical issues, or religious needs may call for the employee to be exempt from uniform policies. The Apency may temporarily exempt an employee to address the concern.

9.7. Casual Dress Days

Provisions in this Article will not preclude employees from participating in casual dress days such as "dress down Fridays" consistent with the duties assigned that day

9.8. Concerns About Uniform Policies

If the Umon has concerns about uniform policies or the uniform contract, the Umon and the Agency will meet and engage to pre-decisional involvement to address the Linon's concerns.

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9.9. Alternate Sources of Uniforms and Equipment

Employees may purchase and wear uniform items from other manufacturers/sources, as long as they meet the same basic requirements as an issued item and have approval from a supervisor beforehand. Employees will be notified in writing if items are despicals not to meet the same basic requirements as the issued item.

9.10. Changes to Uniforms & Uniform Website

Prior to making any changes to existing policies concerning uniforms and appearance, the Parties will engage in pre-decisional involvement (PDI), and if PDI is unsuccessful, negotiate in accordance with Article 3, Impact Bangaining and Mid Term Bangaining. The Agency will fully engage the Umon on all aspects of the Uniform Website, to include the selection of items available on the website, through ongoing pre-decisional involvement.

The Patties agree that in order to facilitate implementation of any proposed changes to policies concerning uniforms and appearance; the Agency will engage the Union in pre-decisional involvement in accordance with Article 3, Impact Barganning and Alid Tenn Barganning.

9.11. Grievance Procedures

Any disputes resulting from this Article may be grieved in accordance with Article 11, Grievance Procedure.

Article 10 OVERTIME (OTHER THAN ADMINISTRATIVELY UNCONTROLLABLE OVERTIME)

10.1. Laws, Regulations, and Policies

The Agency will comply with all applicable laws, regulations and policies when administering the payment of overtime to employees. Overtime for "FLSA non-exempt" employees is povertied by the Eair Labor Standards Act (ELSA) and this Agreement. Overtime for "FLSA exempt" employees is governed by 5. U.S.C., 5542 (Title 5. Overtime) and this Agreement. The Agency will bargain in accordance with 5. U.S. C. Chapter 71 and Article 3, Impact Bargaining and Mid Term Bargaining if it intends to change any existing policies.

10.2. Definitions.

Administrative Workweek. The meaning as defined in . If R610 and Arnele 29, Hours of Work of Agreement 2000.

FLSA Exempt. Employees not covered by the minimum wage and overtime provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA or Act).

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FLSA Nonexempt. Employees covered by the minimum wage and overtime provisions of the Fan Labor Standards Act.

Regularly Scheduled Overtime. Hours of overtime that were scheduled for an employee in advance of the administrative workweek, or could have been scheduled, during which the overtime occurs.

Irregular or Occasional Overtime. Hours of overtime that were not regularly scheduled for an comployees certified to receive A14O, all irregular and occasional overtime work, regardless of the time of day, that is suffered or permitted, regardless of whether it is driven by an administratively uncontrollable event, is paid with A13O and is factored into the calculation of an employee's A13O rate. However, pursuant to 5 GFR 610.121(b)(3), hours of irregular overtime (i.e., which were not regularly scheduled) must be tree—as if they had been regularly scheduled if it is shown that the scheduling manager, in advance of an administrative workweek (a) had knowledge of the specific days and specific hours when the overtime work would occur, and (b) had the opportunity to determine which covering work.

10.3. Fair and Equitable Distribution

Overtime work assignments will be offered and distributed faith and equitably among eligible and qualific employees. Management will manage overtime (whether regular or irregular) in good faith, and not assign overtime work to employees as a neward or a personal but solely in accordance with the Agency's need, taking into account any procedures for fair and equitable distribution of overtime work. Complaints or disagreements regarding overtime shall be processed in accordance with Article 11. Grievance. Procedure: The Parries recognize that what constitutes "fair and equitable distribution is not self-defining and can be impacted by numerous considerations. Accordingly, additional procedures, such as overtime wheels, for fairly and equitable distributing regularly scheduled overtime assignments among eligible and qualified employees are an appropriate subject for local supplemental bargaining. Local management may also propose to bargain supplemental policies on distribution of overtime (not inconsistent with any applicable SLA) via the procedures set out in Article 3, Impact Bargaining and Alid-Term Bargaining.

10.4. Effect on Performance Appraisal

The participation or non-participation of an employee in overtime work, where such work is voluntary, will not be cited as a deficiency in an employee's appraisal

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10.5 Impact on Leave

Leave usage or balance will not be a factor in offering or assigning employees overtime. However, employees in a leave status may be offered but not mandated to work overtime until they return to duty, unless they are needed for an uniforeseen emergency. Overtime in conjunction with leave usage in the same day/pay period is permitted

Employees on Military Leave under 5 U.S.C. 6323(a) or Court Leave under 5 U.S.C. 6322 are employees to the same compact of they would have otherwise received but for their absence on military or court leave, including overtime duty. This overtime duty must be regularly scheduled overtime work which would have otherwise required the employee to work overtime.

10.6. Duty Restrictions and Routine "Within Unit" Overtime

ated

Consistent with Article 14, Limited/Light Duty, an employee who is on limited/light duty is not precluded from participating in overtime if there is a need for duties that the employee has not been medically restricted to perform to be performed on an over the basis. The same is true for restrictions to administrative duties or similar limitations.

A Union Official on full or panual official rime bank hours will be eligible for routine "within unit" overtune assignments, irregular or regular consistent with this Article.

10.7, Overtime Assignment Procedures.

Junit, Posting nalty,

The Agency will pore each office's available or projected overtime availability both electronically and in written form. Written notices will be posted in the same locations where employee schedules are posted. The Agency will contact all contact assignments to include employees that are in a leave status or on official time.

10.7.2. Selection

Overtime will be offered to volunteers first. If there are sufficient volunteers, individual employees will not be mandated to work overtime. In the absence of sufficient eligible volunteers, the Agency will adhere to locally negotiated procedures for mandating overtime.

107.3. Mandated Overtime

When an employee is mandated to perform overtime work, the Agency will notify the affected employees as soon as the requirement for overtime work is known.

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10. 1.1. Overtime Limit

To the maximum extent possible, no employee will be required to work more than four hours of overtime on a regular workday or more than eight hours of overtime on a Sunday, holiday, or other day on which the employee is not regularly scheduled to work. This provision does not waive the ability of employees to voluntarily work additional hours of available overtime.

10. .5. Break in Overtime Hours

Breaks in hours of work will not be r ..., or assigned in my overtime day, unless there is mutual agreement between the employee and management.

10.7.6. Local Bargaining

Local procedures (i.e., overtime wheels, distribution plans) for equitably distributing voluntary and/or mandatory overtime assignments among eligible employees will be negotiated at the local level.

10.8. Overtime/Premium Pay Caps.

Premium pay carnings are subject to the biweekly and annual premium pay caps set forth in 5 U.S.C. 5547 and 5 CFR Part 550 and any annual overtime limitation prescribed by the applicable annual Appropriations. Act. Congress establishes pay limitations on overtime/premium pay carnings. Managers will manage employees' overtime earning to ensure that they do not exceed any biweekly limitations, any annual limitations and any Appropriation Act limitations. Employees covered by the FLSA cannot be suffered or permitted to perform work for free even if they have exceeded the biweekly or annual premium pay caps set forth in 5 U.S.C. § 5547 and 5 C.F.R. Part 550. It is the intent of the Parties that to the maximum extent possible, employees will not be required to work for free even if they have exceeded the applicable caps. All overtime assignments will be distributed fairly and equitably without regard to the applicable overtime cap unless (1) the employee is within \$500 of the annual appropriations caps or (2) the projection, at or after 3, months before the end of the overtime year (i.e., June 15 for fiscal year, September 15 if calendar year is unlized), is within \$500 of the annual appropriations cap.

The Agency may grant waiver throughout each year, extending overtime assignments for employees, when the full participation in overtime assignments for the remainder of the overtime year is restricted in accordance with the overtime cap procedures established in the paragraph above. When an employee requests a waiver, the Agency will grant it unless good cause exists not to do so. If the Agency does not grant a waiver, it will provide the employee with a written explanation for why the waiver was not granted, setting torth with specificity the reasons for the waiver denial. Employee requests for waivers will be made by email through their first line supervisor. Each Field

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Office will maintain a record of requests, demals and approvals which will be available to the Union upon request. The Agency agrees to issue guidance to bargaining unit employees explaining its procedures for processing waiver requests.

Should the Agency change the overtime war from fiscal year to calendar year (or subsequently back to fiscal year), it will notify all affected employees in writing as soon as practicable, and it will bargain the change in accordance with Article 3, Impact Bargaining and Mid-Term Bargaining

Additional procedures for gapping overtime earnings, approving waivers and notifying employees will be bargained locally.

10.9 Time Spent in Travel.

10.9.1. Time Spent in Travel Status Under Title 5 of the U.S. Code

The following time spent in a travel status outside of an employee's regularly scheduled administrative workweek is compensable hours of work for all employees, for purposes of overtime computation, regardless of whether the employee is FLSA exempt or not, as set forth in Title 5 of the U.S. Edge.

- Travel that involves the performance of work while traveling;
- Travel that is incident to travel that involves the performance of work while traveline:
- Travel that is carried out under arduous and musual conditions; and
- Travel that results from an event that could not be scheduled or controlled administratively by any individual or Agency in the executive branch of Government.
- All time spent in a travel status during an employee's regularly scheduled administrative workweek is compensable.

10.9.2. Time Spent in Travel for FLSA Non-Exempt Employees

Time spent in travel will be considered hours of work, and thus compensable, if:

- The employee is required to travel during regular working hours;
- 2. The employee is required to drive a vehicle or perform other work while traveling;
- The couployee is required to trave as a passenger on a one day assignment away from the official duty station; or
- The employee is required to travel as a passenger on an overnight assignment away from the official dary station during hours on non-working days that correspond to the employee's regular working hours.

In addition to the four situations listed above, FLSA non-exempt employees are entitled to compensation for time spent in a travel status in any of the situations set forth in Article 10 regarding travel time under Title 5. Additionally, FLSA non-exempt employees are entitled to compensation for all time spent traveling that is part of their continuous workday, such as time spent traveling. Are the between work locations.

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10.10. Disputes

Disputes regarding overtime (e.g., distribution, denial of waivers) can be raised under Arucle 11, Grievance Procedure. Employees, however, also retain all rights to file a lawsuit regarding the violation of any overtime laws. If an employee or the Union files a grievance concerning a violation of an oventime law, such as the FLSA or Title 5, the applicable statute of limitations will be either the timeframe set forth in Anicle 11, Grievance Procedure, or the applicable overtime statute, whichever is longer.

Nothing in this Article precludes or impairs FLSA exempt employees from filing a claim for "suffered or permitted" overtime. When an employee is denied overtime work in violation of the provisions of this Agreeme—the employee will receive back pay plus interest for the overtime work not performed, along with any other remedies as alable under law.

Article 11 GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE

H.I. General

The purpose of this Article is to provide a fair, simple and expeditions means of processing grievances. Any employee or group of employees in the unit may present such grievances to the Agency and have them adjusted. Any read of a grievance filed by an employee who proceeds without Union representation will be consistent with law and the terms of the parties' Agree. The Union will be provided expires of all grievance replies in such cases with the names of the employees reducted. The grievant may, if he or she desires, be assisted in the presentation and adjustment of grievances by Union representation.

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11.2. Definitions.

- 17.2.1 <u>Employee Grievance</u>: a complaint by a min employee, or by the Lanon on the employee. behalf concerning his or her conditions of employment.
- 47.2.2 Institutional Grievance a complaint by the Pation on its own behalf concerning conditions of employme of any employee, or alleged contractual violations by the Agency, or by the Agency concerning alleged contractual violations by the Dnion.
- 47.2.3 <u>National Grievance</u>: a complaint raised by the parties at the National Level regarding trung dispute between the Council and Headquarters, or between two (2) or more Local's and the Agency, concerning outditions of employae of any employee, or alleged contractual violations.

11.3. Coverage

Unless excluded below, gifevances may concern the adverse impact of (I) Violation of Agreements: The effect of interpretation, or claim of breach of this master Agreement, or other written agree—an between the parties; or (2) Violation of Law, Rule, or Regulation: Any claime, violation, misinterpretation, or misapplication of any law, rule, or regulation affecting conditions of employment.

11.4. Exclusions solution

This procedure does not cover grievances concerning:

- he Be Authority, Matters which are contrary to a government wide regulation in effect as of the date of this agree — ;;
- Political Activising Objectimed violation of Subchapter III of Chapter 73 of Title 5.
 U.S.C., (relating to prohibited political activities);
- Benefits. Retire life insurance, or health insurstille; two
- 4 National Security, A suspension or removal under Section 7532 of Title 5 118 C. for reasons of actional security;
- <u>Hiring Authority</u>. Any examination, certification, or appointment;
- <u>Classification</u>. The classification of any position which does not result in a reduction in grade or pay of any employee;
- Statutory Discrimination Appeal. A complaint of discrimination which is listed in 5 U.S.C. Section 2302(b)(1) if the complaint of discrimination which is listed in 5 procedure;
- Statutory, Adverse Action Appeal, An appeal of an adverse action based on performance under 5 U.S.C., 4302 or for efficiency under 5 U.S.C., 7512 if the employee elects the statutory appeal procedure provided under 5 U.S.C., 7701;

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- <u>Union Appeal of Non represented Statutory Process.</u> A Union appeal of an adverse action or an allegation of discrimination against any employee if the Union is not expressly designated by the employee as his or her representative on the maner;
- 10 <u>Mready Filed.</u> Issues which can be raised under the grievance procedure or as an unfair labor practice may, in the discretion of the aggreeved party, be raised under either procedure but not under both procedures;
- Probation, The removal of a probationary employee during his or her probationary period;
- 12. Temporary Appointments: The termine on of a temporary appointment; and
- Proposed Actions: Notices of proposed disciplinary/advers actions, furloughs, or removals Issues relating to such proposal notices may, however, be raised in connect with any grievance over the final decision on the proposed action.

11.5. Identical Grievances

In the case of an identical grievance involving a group of employees, one employee's grievance may be aelected by the Union for processing. All decisions for that grievance will be binding on the other grievance(s). The Parties agree that for the purposes of this section identical grievances are ones arising from a common set of circumstances which adversely affect the grievance in the same manner where all of the witnesses would be testifying to the same or substantially similar facts. The term "substantially similar" means facts which are sufficiently alike so that a reasonable per in would conclude that application of the same rules to the facts in each grievance would result in the same conclusions with regard to the outcome of those grievances.

11.6. Identifying Violations

After becoming aware of a potential violation of the Agn, ment, the President of the Conneil, the Local President, or his or her designee, may request any additional information necessary to clarify or determine if a violation has been committed in accordance with Article 17, Union Requests for Information.

11.7. Resolve at Lowest Possible Level

The Agency and the Union agree that every effort will be made by Management and the aggriceed party(s) to settle grievances at the lowest possible level. It is agreed that the employee and his or her representative will be given a reasonable amount of time to present the grievance.

11.8. Grievance Procedure: Local Grievances

H S l. Step I

Grievances must be filed within forty-five (45) calendar days after the party filing the grievance becomes aware of the incident giving rise to the grievance.

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EXHIBIT 2

a. <u>Employee Grievances</u>: An employee grievance shall first be taken orally by the concerned employee, including with the Urnon's representation and assistance if the employee desires, with the first level of supervision in an attempt to settle the matter. If the first level supervisor is also the official designated as a Step II official, the grievance will be filed with that official. The grievant may, if he or she desires, be assisted in the presentation by the Union.

The Union representative@j must be present if the employee so desires. Within five (5) workdays after receiving the employee's grievance, the immediate supervisor (or designee):— complete such inquiry as he or she deems necessary and render his or her decision to the grieving employee. After receiving the decision of the immediate super—— the employee may, at his or her option, pursue his or her informal grievance to the next higher level of supervision, if that level is not one of the Management officials cited in Step II.

b <u>Institute (a) Grievances</u>: If a dispute arises between a Legal and the Agency, the party raising the dispute may initiate a Legal Level grievance at this step through verbal, presentation to the first level supervisor or Union Official in againtempt to actile the matter. The Parties agree that neither party is obligated to initiate a grievance at Step I and can instead initiate the grievance at Step II with a written prievance in accordance with Step II.

All aforementioned procedure⁴ for Step I shall apply to the parties at this level for informal resolution of the grievance. The party raising the dispute may, at their option, reduce the grievance to writing.

11.8.2. Step II

a. Employee Grievances: If the employee with a grievance is dissatisfied with the decision of the immediate supervisor and decires to proceed to Step II, the employee (or the employee's Union representative(s) acting on behalf of the employee, if so requested by the employee) must submit a written grievance, to the highest asspecified below, within fifteen (15) calendar days after receiving the immediate supervisor's decision on the grievance.

Submission of Step II Gricvances: The Agency will, in a timely manner, inform the Inion of the appropriate position titles for:

of gricvances at various local offices, e.g., FOD, Finance Center Director, Chief Counsel

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The employee shall set forth what his or her grievance is by completing and submitting Appendix A, Grievance Form

Within twenty five (25) calendar days after receiving the grievance, the Deciding Official (or designee) shall hold such meetings and complete such inquiry as he or she deems necessary and shall render his or her written decision on the grievance. The written decision shall set forth, in precise terms, the basis of the decision

b. <u>Institutional Gifevances: (Continued from Step 1)</u>: If the party raising the dispute attempted to informally resolve the dispute at Step 1, and it is dissatisfied with the decision of the immediate supe \(\frac{1}{2}\) and desires to proceed to Step II, the President of the Local or appropriate Agency official (or their respective designees) may tile a written grievance with the other pany within twenty five (25) calendar days after receiving the decision on the gaic vance.

The party against whom the grievance was filed:—render a written decision on the grievance within twenty five (25) calendar days after receipt of the grievance. If the decision on the grievance is unacceptable, the matter may be escalated to Step III.

c. <u>Institutional Gréeo</u> <u>Local Level (Initiated at Step II)</u>: If a dispute arises between a Local and the Agency, either the President of the Local or apprepriate Agency official (or their researce designees) may file a written grievance with the other party starting at Step II, provided such grievance is filed within forty five (45) calendar days after the party filing the grievance becomes aware of the incident (jving rise to the grievance).

The party against whom the grievance was filed shall render a written decision on the grievance within twenty-five (25) calendar daysafter receipt of the grievance. If the decis—on the grievance is unacceptable, the matter may be escalated to Step III.

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EXHIBIT 2

11.8.3 Step III

a Employee Grievances | Local | Level: | If the employee with a grievance is dissatisfied with the decision at Step II and desires to proceed to Step III, the employee (or the employee's Union representative acting on behalf of the employee) must submit a written grievance, to the appropriate official as specified below, within fifteen (15) calendar days after receiving the Step II decision.

The written grievance must include the information specified at Step II above, including also a copy of the Step II decision. Within thirty (30) calendar days after receiving the grievance, the Deciding Official (or designee) shall complete such inquiry as he or she deems necessary and render a written decision on the grievance. Such written decision shall set forth, in precise terms, the basis for the decision. If the employee is dissatisfied with this decision, he or she may submit the grievance to the appropriate Local for a decision by the Union as to whether to proce—the case through arbitration as provided in Anticle 12 Arbitration.

If a dispositive issue in the grievancidial olives interpretation of this approximate the Step III. Official or the Union may refer the grievance to the national parties for an interpretation of the contract within thirty (30) calendar days of the Step III do 11. A joint response from the national parties will be binding on the local/regional parties, absent which the matter shall proceed to arbitrationes.

b. Institutional Green Local Level: If the decision on an institutional grievance at StepPH sunacceptable, the matter may be enter to Step III, provided that the grieving party submits a Step III grievance in writing within twenty five (25) calendar days after receiving the Step III decision.

A copy of the original grievance and response shall be included in the grievance when it is escalated to the next step. The Council President or appropriate. Agency official (or their respective designces) shall render a written decision on ittle grievance within twenty-five (25) calendar days of receipt. If the grievance is not resolved to the mutual satisfaction of the parties, either party to the grievance may refer the matter to arbitration within the time frame as described in Article 12, Arbitration

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11.9. Grievance Procedure: National Gric

In the event of a National grievance, either the Council President or the appropriate Agency official (or their respective designees) may file a written grievance with the other party within unnety (90) calcular days after the party filing the grievance becomes aware of the incident giving rise to the grievance. In an effort to resolve national level complaints (n an expeditious manner, the ICE Labor Relations Chief (or National President if the Agency is the moving party) or designee will schedule a meeting within fifteen (15) days of receiving the grievance Within thirty (30) days of this meeting a substantive written decision (e.g., addresses each allegation in the grievance) will be provided to the Union (or Agency). If the grievance is not resolved to the mutual satisfaction of the parties, either party to the grievance may refer the matter to arbitration within the time frame as described in Article 1: Arbitration.

11.10. Grievance Meetings and Settlements

Absent unitual agreement, all grievance meetings will be held at the employee's work location during regularly scheduled work hours. Meetings will be attended by the designated Union representative, as appropriate, and the manager designated with the authority to address the grievance. The grievant and the manager alleged to have taken the grieved action may also attend. Either party may choose to have an additional advisor/representative participate. Participants are encouraged to hold such meetings face to face; individuals mable to be physically present at such meetings will participate in them through telephone conferencing or some other audio visual technology.

11.11. Requested Relief Granted

In no case in which the precise relief requested is granted, will the grievance be continued on to the next Step, including the invoking of arbitration

11.12. Exceptions to Step I

Except as otherwise specified below or in Section 11.8.1.b, all local level grievances are to be mitiated at Step I of the grievance procedure within the time frame as stated at Step I:

- a. <u>Policy of Management</u> Grievances that are based on the written decision or policy of the Agency are to be initiated at Step I or II of the grievance procedure within the time frame specified at Step I
- Suspensions and Adverse Actions. Grievances concerning suspensions and adverse actions are to be initiated at the arbitration stage of the grievance.

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procedure—**trances** suspensions of one (1) to fourteen (14) days will be stayed throughout the grievance procedure. When expedited arbitration is invoked by the Union for a suspension of one (1) to fourteen (14) days, the suspension will be stayed until an award is issued.

d. <u>Merit Promotion Plan Violations</u>. Employee grievances concerning alleged violations of the Agence's merit promotion plans are to be initiated at Step II of the grievance procedure within the time frame specified at Step I.

11.13. Grievability / Arbitrability

When the Agency or the Union has reason to believe that a grievance is not prieval le or arbitrable, it will endeavor to so inform the other party as soon as possible. If the Union or the Agency elects to proceed to arbitration of the grievance, such grievability/arbitrability questions are to be decided as a threshold issue by the arbitrator who decides the merits of the grievance. The final written decision of the arbitrator in such a case shall consist of two parts. In the first part, the arbitrator shall decide the grievability/arbitrability issue in the case. In the second part, he or she will pass upon the merits of the grievance. If the arbitrator r — determine that the grievance is either not grievable or not arbitrable, however, the decision shall consist of one part, the determination on grievability/arbitrability, and no consideration of the merits of the grievance shall be provided.

If either party raises a grievability/arbitrability question later than fourteen (14) calendar days prior to the date scheduled for a hearing, the other party shall have the right to postpone the hearing, if it deems postponement necessary. Any additional costs by the arbitrator for cancellation required by the late notification as to the arbitrability issue:

— be borne by the party raising the question.

Any denial of requested information in contemplation or connection with a grievance will be automatically joined to the grievance as a threshold issue for the arbitrator to resolve.

Issues not raised and actions not requested in the initial filing of the Step II grievance form may not be introduced at arbitration absent mutual agreement. Filings containing the language "any other remedies that may be appropriate in accordance with law and regulation" are sufficient to identify the action requested. Evidence and witnesses that are relevant to the resolution of the grievance may be introduced at any stage of the grievance procedure prior to arbitration.

The parties acknowledge the highly serious nature of the grievance and arbitration processes, the significant costs involved, and the need to treat both processes with the utmost professionalism and highest ethical standards. The parties will act in good faith when constant g and responding to grievances, challenging the grievability/arbitrability of a case, and when denying a grievance and/or

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its remedies, in whole or in part, and ensure the reasons and facts provided in all responses are accurate, complete and truthful. Grievance responses will not contain misleading or ambiguous statements designed to mislead or deceive others.

11.14. Time Limits

Extensions. Reasonable extensions to the timelines of the negotiated griev—'e procedure will be granted upon request. If a grievant should fail to meet an applicable time limit for moving a grievance forward, the grievance shall be deemed to have been withdrawn. If an Agency deciding official fails to meet the time limit for rendering a decision on the grievance at any step, the remedy requested shall be deemed granted.

An exception to the rule that local gricy-mees must be filed within forty five (45) days and national gricy-mees within ninety (90) days is when the gricy-mee involves an alleged continuing violation. A continuing violation is a claimed pattern of ongoing conduct, even when the conduct occurred before the applicable time frames for filing a gricy-mee. To be considered a continuing violation there must be a related violation and at least one instance of the conduct being gricyed must have occurred within the applicable local or national time frames for filing. Remedies for given each alleging a continuing violation must be in accordance with applicable law, rule, and regulation.

Service of Process. All time limits of this grievance procedure including arbitration, shall be controlling. Service of grievances and the decisions thereon, including arbitration nonces, shall be accomplished either by personal delivery or by electronic service (email). As applicable, time limits shall begin to run from the date of receipt of the document that triggers the particular time limit. Service will be deemed timely if the required document is either personally or electronically served within the specified time limit specified in the Article 11, Grievance Procedure. Finail service will not be utilized until the parties have negotiated procedures for email service.

Service will be deemed timely if the required document is either personally or electronically delivered within the specified time limit. The parties agree that they will act in good faith in receipting for documents and will not attempt to evade the service of documents upon them. The parties agree that they will act in good faith in receipting for documents and will not attempt to evade the service of documents upon them.

As used in this Article, "days" refers to calendar days unless otherwise expressly provided herein. If the day an action must be completed under this Article falls on a Saturday, Sunday or F., holiday, the due date shall be by 11:59 pm the next regular business day (Monday through Friday).

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APPENDIX A: GRIEVANCE FORM

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE)

GRIEVANCE FORM

30.20.4007 1 1 1		1A. GRIEVANCE NUMBER	1B. DATE FILED		
2. FILER (EMPLOYEE NAM	HE OR UNION CHAPTER)	3. EMPLOYEE POSITION /	AND DUTY STATION		
4. EMPLOYEE'S IMMEDIA	TE SUPERVISOR (NAME)				
5. EMPLOYEE'S REPRESE	NŤATIVE (CHÉCK ONE)	5A. NAME OF UNION REP	RESENTATIVE		
		5B. UNION REPRESENTAT	FIVE PHONE NUMBER		
++ SELF	LUNION				
df union selected	COMPLETE 5A & 5B)				
6A. SPECIFIC ARTICLES) OF THE AGREEMENT ALLEGED TO HAVE BEEN VIOLATED; SECTIONS OF APPLICABLE LAW OR REGULATION ALLEGED TO HAVE BEEN VIOLATED; OR THE SPECIFIC NATURE OF THE EMPLOYMENT CONDITION IN DISLUTE.					
6B. IF ALLEGATION OF UNFAIR LABOR PRACTICE, INDICATE SPECIFIC SECTIONS OF 5-BSC 7116(A) THAT HAVE BEEN VIOLATED BY CHECKING APPLICABLE BOX(6S). IT IS AN UNFAIR LABOR PRACTICE FOR THE AGENCY.					
11-(1) to interfere with, restrain or coerce any employee in the exercise by the employee of any right under this chapter;					
[1] (2) to encourage or discourage membership in any labor organization by d serim nation in connection with hiring, tenure, promotion, or other condit ons of employment;					
1.1 (3) to sponsor, control, or otherwise assist any labor organization, other than to furnish, upon request, customary and routine services and facilities if the services and facilities are also furnished on an impartial basis to other labor organizations having equivalent status;					
[1] (1) to discipline or otherwise discriminate against an employee because the employee has filed a complaint, affidavit, or pet tion, or has given any information or testimony under this chapter; Ch ral					
[] (5) to refuse to consult or	r negotiate in good faith wit	h a labor organization as req	nired by this chapter;		

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[1] (6) to fail or refuse to cooperate in impasse procedures and impasse decisions as required by this chapter;
3 (7) to enforce any rule or regulation (other than a rule or regulation implementing section 230 2 of this title) which is in conflict with any applicable collective bargaining agricement if the agreement was in effect before the date the rule or regulation was prescribed; or
[] (8) to otherwise fail or refuse with any provision of this chapter
6C PROHIBITED PERSONNEL PRACTICE EI
7. STATEMENT OF THE C GIVING RISE TO THE GRIEVANCE (PROVIDE NATURE OF THE INCIDENT, PERSONS INVOLVED, TIME, DATE, PLACE ETC.)
8 ACTION/REMEDY REQUESTED
9. EMPLOYEE SIGNATURE
10. UNION REPRESENTATIVE SIGNATURE

Article 12 ARBITRATION

12.1. Invoking Arbitration

Only the Union or the Agency may invoke the procedures set forth in this Article.

If the Agency and the Union fail to settle any grievance processed under the negotiated gric procedures, such grievance, upon written request by the Union or the Agency, may be submitted to arbitration within 30 workdays from the date the Agency or the Union's final decision is received. In cases involving suspensions of less than fifteen days or adverse actions, requers for arbitration must be filed after receipt of the Notice of Decision, but not later than 30 workdays after the effective date of the action. Reasonable experions to these timelines will be granted upon request. Requests for arbitration filed by the Union will be submitted to the Agency's designated representative. Issues involving Agency wide interpretation or application of this agreement will be filed with the Chief Labor Employee Relations Policy Section at Headquarters and the Office of the 16 F Director. Only

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the Party that filed the grievance (i.e. either the Union, either on its own behalf or on behalf of a bargaining unit employee, or the Agency) can invoke arbitration. A Party cannot invoke arbitration of a grievance that the other party filed.

Once arbitration is invoked, the invoking Party may request an arbitrator at any time in accordance with Section 12.2 without abandoning the arbitration.

No later than twenty days after invocation the Parties will meet in person, by telephone or by videoconference and will use their best effonts to reach settlement.

12.2. Selection of Arbitrator

The Parties agree to use the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service (FMCS) for purposes of identifying an arbitration panel for giveyances. The Party not invoking arbitration will be notified in accordance with Aricle 11, Grievance Procedure.

The invoking Party shall ask FMCS to provide a fist of seven eligible arbitrators for the matter. To be eligible to serve as an arbitrator for the matter, the individual must be referred with FMCS. The parties will split the cost of the reguest to FMCS.

As an alternative to requesting a panel or as an alternative to the panel provided by FMCS, the Parties may agree inc — indently to the selection of an arbitrator and request a direct appointment of that arbitrator by FMCS.

If the Parties request a panel from FMCS, the Parties shall confer request the selection of an arbitrator. Either Party may reject the panel, in which case the Parties may request a second panel from FMCS. Either Party may reject the second panel, in which case a third panel may be requested from FMCS. Once there is a panel that is not rejected, then the Parties will select an arbitrator from the panel by alternately striking from the panel until one name remains. The Agency will strike first and the Union second when alternating strikes.

On a monthly basis, the Agency will provide to the Courcil a list of all I ocal and National level grievances that have been invoked to arbitration with the assigned arbitrator, invoking Party, date of invocation, assigned Agency attorney, and status in the arbitration process including the date of the most recent action.

12.3. Threshold Issues

In cases where there is a threshold issue, such as jurisdiction, the Parties may agree that an initial decision be requested on the threshold issue.

Arhitrators Decision. The Parties may agree to use supulations and / or briefs to obtain the arbitrator's decision the threshold issue. It there is no agreement and either Party elects to

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proceed to arbitration of the grievance, such grievability / arbitrab hix questions are to be decided by the arbitrator after the close of the record. If the arbitrator should determine that the grievance is either not grievable or not arbitrable, the decision shall consist of one part and no consideration of the merits of the grievance shall be provided.

Postponement. If either Party raises an arbitrability question later than fourteen calendar days prior to the date selic tor a health the other Party shall have the right to postpone the hearing, if it deems postpone necessary. Any additional costs by the arbitrator for cance required by the late notification, as to the arbitrability issue, shall be borne by the Party raising the que

12.4 Transcripts

Each Party will inform the other no later than tourteen calendar days prior to the stain of the arbitration hearing whether it desire a transcript of the hearing. If the Parties mutually agare upon the need for a transcript, they shall equally share the cost of the transcript and management will make the arrange ————for securing a transcript. If they do not agree on the need for a transcript, the Party de 12 g a transcript will arrange for the transcript and will bear the full cost. However, should the other Party change its mind prior to the close of the arbitration hearing and indicate its desire for a copy, it shall then be responsible for half of the costs.

12.5. Proceedings

The arbitrator will be requested to render his or her decision as quickly as possible but, in any event, no later than 22 workdays afted the record is closed unless the Parties mutually agree to extend the time limit. Each Party has the obligation to cooperate promptly with the designated arbitrator in setting a date for a hearing, Failure of either Party to proceed with due diligence in responding to an offer of dates may serve as a basis for establishment of a hearing, date by the arbitrator or dismissal of the grievance. At the request of either Party, the Agency or the Union shall be provided a complete list of the other's known witnesses no later than five workdays prior to the hearing, along, with a brief synopsis of the topics of their anticipated to the Parties retain the right to call rebuttal witnesses at hearing not listed on their witness lists.

12.6. Docket Review

Discussion of any cases where arbitration has been requested and pending in the Locals involved, or the Conneil where it is a Party to the arbitration, will be conducted upon advance request by the Council. Such discussions may include possible settlements in pending cases or in pending grievance matters.

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12.7. Expedited Procedure

The Parties recognize the importance of promptly handling grievances that involve, inter-alia, demotions, indefinite suspensions, suspensions of 30 days or more, removal cases, and Mid-Term Bargaining Disputes. These expedited arbitration procedures shall be used in the following actions at the election of the grieving party: demotions, indefinite suspensions, suspensions of 30 days or more, removal duked, Mid-Tamoglangaining Disputes, all non adverse disciplinary actions (e.g., suspensions of onetwo fourton days and written reprimands), within grade appdidisperformance calitation disputes, outside employment denials, denials of annual or sick leave or leave without pay, denials of official time requests by union representatives under this agreement, improper mainte—e-e-of personnel records, decisions by the Agency concerning bulletin board postings or literature distribution, placement of employees concerning rotation and assignment, and denial of an employee's requested AWS or te—e-schedule. These functions may be used in other cases where it is mutually agreeable. For such cases, the Parties have agreed to ask the arbitrator to adhere to the tollowing timelines when the invoking Party reque—it:

Hearing. Arbitrators are to conduct a hearing within fifteen working days of selection, subjection the arbitrator's availability.

Briefs: Post hearing briefs will be submitted within fifteen workdays after completion of bearing or receipt of transcript, whichever is late: unless the Panies agree to an extension. Reply briefs will be submitted within ten workdays after post hearing brief are submitted, unless the Panies agree to an extension.

Decision. Arbitrators are to render a decision within fifteen workdays of closing of the record. The real dwill be considered closed upon receipt of briefs, receipt of transcript, or completion of bearing whichever is latest.

12.8. Costs

The arbitrator's fee and the expenses of the arbitration, if any, shall be borne equally by the Agency and the Union except as provided in this section. Fees to be paid by the Agency will be governed by regulations existing at the time this Agreement is executed by the Parties.

If an arbitrator grants a Union or Employee grievance in full or in part, the arbitrator shall order the Agency to pay the arbitrator's fees and expenses and any court reporter fees

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12.9. Cancellation

The Panies will share cancellation costs equally when notice is provided at least 96 hours prior to the scheduled hearing date. The Party seeking the cancellation will pay arbitration costs incurred for canceling less than 96 hours prior to any hearing.

12.10. Location

Arbitration hearings will be held, if possible, on the Agency's premises during the regular day shift of the basic workweek. Local level arbitrations will normally be held within the commuting area of the grievants unless the grievants has transferred from the site of the dispute; and in such cases the hearing will be held at the site of the dispute unless both Parties agree to hold it in another location. National level arbitrations will be held at a mutually agreed upon location.

Arbitration hearings shall normally be open hearings. Fither Party may request that the hearing be closed to persons having no interest in the dispute. Upon good cause shown the arbitrator may close the hearing.

12.11. Participants

Duty Status. All participants in the hearing shall be on duty status. If a hearing is scheduled on what would otherwise be a participant's day off, the Agency will adjust the employee's schedule so that the employee would be in a duty status unless the ϵ = ϵ , requests otherwise.

Travel and Per Diem. Where the p ' wants or relevant witnesses are not within the communing area of the hearing site, the Agency will pay travel and per diem. Should there be a disagreement as to the relevance of a witness where travel and per diem is required, the Agency will pay travel expenses and the issue will be presented to the arbitrator who will decide on the relevant of the testimony. If the arbitrator decides that the witness is not relevant, the arbitrator will so state in the decision and the Union will pay travel and per diem at a rate to greater than that authorized by government travel regulations. In addition to travel for grievants and witnesses in Local arbitrations, the Agency will pay travel and per diem for at least two Council represents to attend and assist in Local arbitration hearings.

12.12. Binding Awards

If the arbitrator's decision has not been received within 60 day, after the closing of the record, the Parties will go forward with a joint request to the PMCS calling for prompt issuance of the decision.

The arbitrator's award shall be binding on the Parties unless either Party files c with the Federal Labor Relations Authority, under the regulations prescribed by the Authority. However, any adverse action appeals shall be presented to the appropriate appellate jurisdiction.

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Article 13 ADMINISTRATIVELY UNCONTROLLABLE OVERTIME PAY (AUO)

13.1. Policy

Administratively Uncontrollable Overtime Pay (AUO) will be administered in accordance with all applicable statutes, government-wide regulations, and this Agreement.

If changes are required to the Agency's AUO policy (e.g., as a result of subsequent government wide regulations), the Agency will provide the Union with notice and an epportunity to bargain consistent with its obligations under governing law and the procedures set forth in Article 3, Impact Bargaining and Mid Term Bargaining.

13.2. Definitions

AUO. The premium pay paid on an annual basis, to an employee in a position in which the hours of duty cannot be controlled administratively and which requires sub-tantal amounts of irregular or occasional overtime work, with the employee generally being responsible for recognizing, without supervision, circumstances which require the employee to remain on duty (e.g. the hours of duty cannot be controlled by such administrative devices such as hiring additional personnel). The AUO percentage rates range from 10 to 25 percent of an employee's rate of basic pay. AUO pay is cone?——d basic pay for purpoaploxiee/tirement benefits for law enforcement officers, is defined in 5 U.S.C. 8331(20) and 8401(17).

Basic Administrative Workweek. The administrative workweek shall be seven consecutive calendar days, Sunday through Saturday. The basic administrative workweek shall be scheduled on five days, Monday through Friday, where possiblearand the two days outside the basic workweek shall be consecutive.

Regularly Scheduled Administrative Workweek. The 40-hour basic workweek established in accordance with paragraph (a)(1) of 5 CFR 610.111, plus the period of regular overtime work, if any, required of each employee. Except as provided in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d) of 5 CFR 610.111, the written Agency policy statement, for purposes of leave and overtime pay administration, will specify by days and hours of each day, the periods included in the regularly scheduled administrative workweek that do not constitute a part of the basic workweek.

Tour of Duty. An employee's basic administrative workweek, (i.e., the days and hours within which the employee is expected to be on duty, day shift Monday through Friday) and shifts as defined in this Article.

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Shift. The particular hours whice define an employee a daily work schedule (e.g., day shifts which start at 8:00 a.m. and end at 4:00 p.m.)

Premium Pay. The dollar value of carned hours of compensatory time off and additional pay authorized by 5 USC. Chapter 55 and 5 CFR 550 for overtime, night, Sunday, or holiday work; or for standby duty, administratively uncontrollable overtime work, and availability for duty. This excludes overtime pay paid to employees under the Fair Labor Standards Act (FLSA) and compensatory time off carned in lieu of such FLSA overtime pay.

Rate of Basic Pay. The rate of pay fixed by law or administrative action for the position held by an employee, including any applicable locality pay adjustments and applicable special rate or similar payment or supplement under other legal authority before any deductions and exclusive of additional pay of any other kind.

Irregular or Occasional Overtime. Hours of ovenime that were not regularly scheduled for an employee. For employees centified to receive AUO, all irregular and occasional overtime work, regardless of the time of day, that is suffered or permitted, regardless of whether it is driven by an administratively uncontrollable event, is paid with AUO and is factored into the calculation of an employe. AUO rate. However, pursuant to 5 GFR 610 121(b)(3), hours of irregular overnine (i.e., which were not regularly scheduled) must be treated as if they had been regularly scheduled if it is shown that the scheduling manager, in advance of an administrative workweek had (1) knowledge of the specific days and specific hours when the overtime work would occur, and (2) had the opportunity to determine which employee would be scheduled or respectively to perform the overtime work.

Excludable Day. Any full day that is excluded from the total number of workdays used to compute the weekly average of ADO hours worked by an employee

Computation Period. The interval used to compute an employee's: AUO rate by application of a formula based on the number of AUO hours workedover a period of time to compute a weekly average of AUO hours. The computation is applied on a sliding scale over the course of the next Eligibility Period.

13.3. AUO Certification

13.3.1. Authorization

Pursuam to 5 CFR 550 151, the Agency may authorize AUO pay on an annual basis, instead of othe premium pay prescribed in 5 CFR 550 subpart A (except premium pay for regularly scheduled overtime work, work at night, on Sundays, and on holidays), to an employee "...in a position in which the hours of duty cannot be controlled administratively and which requires substantial

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amounts of irregular oftoccasional overtime work, with the employee generally being responsible for recognizing, without supervision, circumstances which require the employee to remain on duty."

13.3.2. Determination of AUO Eligible Positions

For existing and newly established positions within the Agency, a determination will be made by the Agency whether the positions is AUO eligible. Each employee occupying a position which has been classified as an AUO composition will receive appropriate AUO payment upon certification and will continue to receive AUO while occupying that position and while properly confer audit.

13.3.3. Initial Certification of AUO

Each employee occuping a position which has been determined as an ACO eligible position will be cligible to receive AFO pay upon certification by his or her supervisor. Upon entering on daty with the Agency, or upon completion of required initial training, an employee in an AFO eligible position will be certified for AUO based upon the average ALO rate received by other employees occupying the same position in the same area of responsibility.

13.3.1 AliO Qualifying Duties

c'sl o the maximum c — possible, the Agency will make every effort to ensure that c 4h officer's assignment includes AFO qualifying duties. Ensuring the assignment of AEO qualifying duties to all officers, to the maximum extent possible, does not require the Agency to pay AEO in individual cases in which law or regulation prohibits such payment; however, it is the intent of the Panies that AEO qualifying duties will be distributed as fairly and equitablybushplodslible. If AEO stops being utilized, to the maximum e — possible, there will be a fair and equitable distribution among employees of whatever premium pay replaces AUO.

13.4. AUO Computation and Eligibility Period

The computation penod is the 25 pay period interval used to compute the average number of hours of AUO worked during the administrative workweek. This average number of hours worked is used to determine the percentage rate of AUO to be earned by the employee. The computation period ends four pay-periods before the eligibility period for which the determination is made.

The eligibility period is the four pay-period interval during which an employee is compensated for AUO at the rale at which he was certified eligible until a subsequent determination is made. With the exception of an employee initially assigned to an authorized position, each eligibility period consists of the four pay-period intervals beginning four pay-periods after the end of the computation period.

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Employees will be informed in writing of the Agency's chart of AUO computation and eligibility periods which will clearly identify which pay periods will be used to determine AUO eligibility and rule computation prior to the beginning of each calendar year.

Employees certified to receive AUO will be able to view the following information in the Agency's online time and attendance system; their current AUO percentage the number of AUO hours worked during the preceding computation period, the number of AUO hours worked during the current computation period, the employee's AUO rate if the current eligibility period ended, the starting and ending dates of all computation and eligibility periods within the next year, and the number of AUO hours necessary for an employee to maintain his or her current AUO rate for the next eligibility period. The Age = 2 agrees that, If its time and attendance system is unable to contain the above information, the Agency will make the AUO records available to its supervisors, and upon request, supervisors will make the information available to each individual bargatning unit employee. When an employee requests to review his or her AUO re—rds, the supervisor will provide the records within one workday.

13.5. Excludable Days

For bargaining unit employees working in a position authorized to receive AUO, exchalable days identified in the next paragraph of this Article will not be factored into any AUO rate computation.

The Parties agree that days that will be excluded are those allowed by law, in increments of a full day, include but not limited to the following (1) temporary assignments to non AUC eligible duties for a period of not more than ten consecutive pres it workdays and not more than 30 workdays in a calendar yet; (2) advanced training for an aggregate period of not more than 60 prescribed workdays in a year, and (3) temporary assignments directly related to a national emergency declared by the Presi.

The Parties agree that, if federal law or regulations change to permit types of excludable days, other than those listed above, the Panies will meet to negotiate and amend the provisions of this Article related to excludable days within twenty workdays of the change in law or regulation becoming effective, unless the parties mutually agree on a later date.

Employees must report all hours of work regardless of whether a day is excludable to ensure that the employee is properly con-pensated for all hours of work. For confirming the employee must still report the day as excludable and those hours of work to ensure that they are properly compensated under applicable pay laws including, but not limited to, the Fair Labor Standards Act. This provision does not obviate

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the Age - duty to c - that employees are compensated for all hours of work suffered or permitted, as required by the FLSA

13.6. Payment of AUO

Employees working in a position authorized to receive AUO and who are AUO certified will be paid if e appropriate AUO rate in the appropriate eligibility period

The Agency will make conversionable effort to assist employees seeking certification/ recertification of AUO to do so

Rates of AUO Premium Pay. As defined in 5 CFR 550.154(a), AUO is paid as a percentage of the employee's rate of basic pay. When an employee is cc : ———for AUO, the employees will receive AUO at the following rates:

A position which requires an average of at least three but not more than five hours per we of triegular or occasional overtime work will the paid at ten percent of basic pay;

- A position which w_____i an average of at least three but not more than five hours
 per week of irregular or occasional overtime work will be paid at ten percent of basic
 pay;
- A position which requires an average of more than five but not more than seven hours per we — of irregular or occasional overtime work will be paid at fit percent of basic pay;
- A position which require an axx > y of more than seven hours but not more than
 une hours per week of irregular or occasional overtime work will be paid at twenty
 percent of basic pay;
- A position which requires an average of more than nine hours per week of irregular
 or occasional overtime work will be paid in 25 percent of bas a pay.

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sidem

Limited/Light Duty. An employee on limited/light date is not excluded from performing AUO duties if the employee is capable of performing AUO duties.

Overtime Limit. To the maximum extent possible, no employee will be required to work more than four hours of AUO on a regular workday or more than eight hours of AUO on a Sunday, holiday, or other daylon which the employee is not regularly scheduled to work. This provision does not waive the ability of employees to voluntarily work additional flours of AUO.

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13.7. Reduction of AUO Pay Rate

When the Agency has determined that an employee's AUO pay rate is to be reduced, it will provide advanced written nonfication to the employees that his or her AUO pay rate will be reduced. The nonfication will include instructions on the number of AUO hours that would need to be worked to maintain or increase the AUO pay rate for the succeeding eligibility periods. Notification will be provided to the employee at the end of the computation period, prior to the projected reduction and will contain the reasons that the determination was made to reduce the AUO pay rate. A decision to reduce an employee's AUO pay rate may be grieved in accordance with Article II, Grievance Procedures.

13.8. Decertification of AUO Pay

The Agency agrees that, once a position is certified to receive AUO, individuals will only be described from receiving AUO if either (1) all employees holding the position are described from receiving AUO or (2) the employee's actual records of hours of work in the preceding computation period establish that an employee has not worked at least three hours of AUO per week in the preceding computation period.

When the Agency has determined that an employee's AUO rate will be decreased or the employee is to be decertified from AUO pay, it will provide written notification to the employee that his or her AUO pay will be lowered or decertified at least eight pay periods in advance. The notification will include instructions on the number of AUO hours that would need to be worked to maintain or increase the AUO pay rate for the succeeding eligibility periods. Notification will be provided to the employee at the end of the computation period, prior to the decrease or decertification and will contain the reasons that the determination was made to decrease or decertify the AUO pay. A decision to decrease an employee AUO rate or decentify an employee from AUO pay may be grieved in accordance with Article II, Grievance Procedure

When an employee is decenified due to a lack of AUO qualifying hours, the employee will be recertified after the first complete pay period of working the sufficient number of AUO qualified overtime hours to at minimum qualify for AUO certification at the 10^{n_0} level. Alternatively, employees descriffed due to a lack of AUO qualifying hours may also request that his/her supervisor recertify the employee due to the AUO that the employee is anticipating working going forward. The supervisor must respond to the request within 5 workdays. Denials will be provided in writing and will contain the particular reasons for the decision.

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Employees who are decertified from AFO for any reason but later recertified will begin receiving the appropriate rate of ACO pay the pay period following recertification. The ACO rate following recertification will be set in accordance with procedures established in Section 13.3.3

Officers involuntarily decentified from AUO for reasons unrelated to a lack of qualifying AUO hours worked (e.g., OPR inquiry) will be immediately recertified upon a turn to duty at the AUO certification rate received prior to decentification.

When an employee is decertified from receiving AUO, the Agency is no longer permitted to apply the Section 207(k) partial FLSA exemption to the employee. Accordingly, as soon as an employee is decertified from AUO, the Agency is required to compensate the employee at the FLSA overtime rate, i.e., for all hours of work suffered or permitted to be performed on a non-workday, and all hours of work suffered or permitted to be performed in excess of eight hours in a workday.

13.9. Other Overtime and Premium Pay

The Agency will make a reasonable effort not to change an employee's schedule during an administrative workweek and will make a reasonable effort to make any changes in advance of the workweek. The Agency will not change an employee's schedule if the only reason is to avoid payment of premium pay.

Premium Pay Authorizations: An employee receiving AUO pay cannot receive premium pay for irregular or occasional overtune work under any other section of 5 CFR 550 subpant A, except as provided below:

- Regularly scheduled overtime pay under 5 U.S.C. 5512 and 5 C. 550;
- Regularly scheduled night pay under 5 U.S.C. 5545 and 5 CFR 550;
- Regularly scheduled Sunday pay under 5 U.S.C., 5546 and 5 CFR 550 for non-overtime work when any part of a shift falls on a Sunday;
- Holiday pay under 5 USC, 5546 and 5 CJR for ordered or approved non-overtime work on a holiday which corresponds to their regular tours of duty, and
- Employees receiving AUO are eligible to earn travel compensatory time for official travel.
 An employee who receives AUO pay under 5 U.S.C. 5545(c)(2) can receive compensatory time off for travel if the employee's travel time is not compensable under 5 CFR 550.112(g) or 5 CFR 551.422, as applicable, and meets the requirements in 5 CFR 550, Subpart N.

Overtime/Premium Pay Caps Provisions regarding procedures for the application of overtime/premium pay caps are found in this Agreement

Advanced Training. For periods spent in advanced training directly related to duties for which ACO is payable up to sixty workdays in a calendar year are excludable for AUO rate computation purposes as per Sc. 13.5 of this Article. For periods of time spent in training during a calendar year that exceed sixty workdays, adjustments, if any, should be made to the employee's AUO rate

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based on the number of ACO hours actually worked during the preceding Computation Period and not the curre.—Computation Period in which the employee exceeded the sixty day annual cap on training days.

13.10. Temporary Assignments

In accordance with this Article, the Agency will continue to pay ADO while employees are on temporary assignments to non-ADO eligible duties or assigned to a training program. AUO is allowed: (1) while on approved advanced training, for up to 60 workdays in a calendar year or (2) while on temporary assignment to non-ADO eligible duties: (a) for a period of up to en consecutive workdays, and (2) for a total of not more than 30 workdays in a calendar year.

When notifying employees of available temporary assignments, details, or rotations, the Ageney will inform the convex of whether the assignment, details, or rotation will include AEO eligible duties. Absent a particularized need for specific skills or qualifications the Agency shall utilize volunteers before requiring employees to participate on temporary assignments, details, or rotations involuntable unless management determines that there is a need for a specific volunteer to continue to perform his or her regular duties.

13.11. Work Hours

There is no minimum number of hours in a workday, that an employee must perform regular work before being cligible to perform AEO on that workday, be example, if an employee takes leave to attend a doctor's appointment for six hours during a regular workday and then works four hours after arriving at work, the employee would record two hours of AEO, as long as the additional work was not acheduled in advance of the administrative workweek. Similarly, if an employee performs truscheduled work on a non-workday, the time is recorded as AEO because the work was not scheduled in advance of the administrative workweek.

Employees, who are certified to receive AUO, are paid AUO for all bours of irrigular or occasional argitime no matter what work is performed during those hours of work. All irregular or occasional overtime, whether performed before or after a scheduled shift or on a non-workday, is considered in calculating the appropriate AUO percentage. Although the determination of whether a position is to be Communication of the case of AUO may be based on the specific types of duties listed in 5 C.P. § 550.153(a), once a position is certified to receive AUO, there is no limitation on what work tasks can be performed during AUO hours because otherwise an employee would not receive composition for all irregular or occasional overtime work.

Employe on official time, including employees designated 100 percent official time, are not precluded from performing regular duties or ADO qualifying duties and being certified to receive

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ALO. Employees on official time, including employees designated 100 percent official time, will coordinate with their first line supervisors when working regular duties and/or APO qualifying duties. The Agency will make every effort to work with and accommedate employees on official time seeking to perform regular duties and/or APO qualifying duties.

13.12. Notice to the Union

If the Agency elects to no longer certify a position for AHO, to the maximum extent possible, the Agency will provide notice to both the National Council and the affected barganing unit employees at ker six pay periods prior to the proposed decertification date. In accordance with Arnele 3, Impact Bargaining and Mid Tenn Bargaining, and Article 16, Pre-decisional Involvement, the parties will engage in pre-decisional involvement and upon the Union's request, and term barganing, prior to any Agency action that will have an impact on bargainin, unit employed. The parties agree that, absent a change in law, encumstances do not exist that would justify making a change to whether positions are certificate or receive ALO prior to the conclusion of bargaining. This provision also applies It changes are made to AUO laws or regulations, or a new torm of premium pay replaces ALIO.

13.13. Disputes

Any dispute that may arise regarding application of interpretation of this Article may be preved in accordance with Article 11, Grievance Procedure, at

13.14. Discontinuation of AUO

If ADO is discontinued for bargaining mait employees, the Parties agree to ne new provisions to replace any provisions in the Collective Bargaining Agreement related to ADO, or that are otherwise impacted by the change, in accordance with Anicle 3, Impac Bargaining and Mtd Te Bargaining, and Article 16, Pre decisional Involvement. The Parties agree that these provisions include all provisions related in any way toward ADO. Such provisions are not limited only to Article 13, ADO of this Agreement but also include, inter alia, the articles regarding hours of work, leave, tours of duty, and overtime assignments.

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Article 14 LIMITED/LIGHT DUDY ASSIGNMENTS

14.1. Limited/Light Duty Purpose

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The Parties recognize that Lamited/Light duty assignments are a tool for the Agency to continue the oppoductivity of employees who have incurred injuries or illnesses that temporarily prevent them from performing their assigned duties. Lamited/Light duty assignments allow employees to return to

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work and utilize their valuable knowledge, skills and ability to accomplish the Agency mission while temporarily limited by illness or injury.

As provided by the Federal Employees' Compensation Act, 20 CFR 10, Claims for Compensation, as amended, Subparts A F, workers injured or incapacitated on the job will be assisted in returning to work consistent with their medical condition. In addition, although not pursuant to the Federal Compensation Act or other pertinent regulations, the Agency will assist workers injured or incapacitated off the job in returning to work consistent with their medical condition and this Article. The Parties agree that the length of employee absence from the job because of illnesses or injuries may be reduced by making Limited/Light duty or telework assignments available to affected employees in a manner consistent with their pre-scribed medical condition or limitations and the needs of the Agency.

Any employee who has been injured or incap retrated and is able to perform Limited/Light duty will be permitted to conduct such duties that he or she is able to perform when such duty is available, until he or she has recovered from the injury or incapacitation. This option is for injuries of a temporary fight duty will not lose their eligibility for promotion while performing Limited/Light duty assignments.

Notwithstanding this Article, an employee may pursue a reasonable accommodation at any time it they believe their medical condition will present more than a temporary obstacle.

14.2. Definition

Limited/Light Duty is defined as specific duties and responsibilities that may include all or part of an employee's regular position or may be outside an employee's position and that do not conflict with the employee's current work restrictions as identified by the employee's attending physician or practitioner. Duties may be performed for a full work shift or for shorter time periods and may include telework assignments. Limited/Light duty assignments may or may not require interaction with detainees.

14.3. Limited/Light Duty Procedures (Including Workers' Compensation)

An assignment to Limited/Light duty appropriate to an employee's specific medical condition will be granted for a temporary period, if such work is available and the assignment will not unduly disrupt work operations.

When an employee is injured or incapacitated on or off the job and is ordered by his or her attending physician or practitioner to work a Limited/Light duty assignment, the employee will provide the immediate supervisor with a written request and either a signed handwritten or typed

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note from a physician or practitioner, which describes the employee's restrictions and the duration of the noted restrictions. Upon receipt of the note from the physician or practitioner, the supervisor will respond within two workdays by either notifying the employee of the duties that will be made available consistent with the stated restrictions, or by denying the request. Prior to the expiration of the time period provided by the physician or practitioner, the employee must request an extension supported by a new note from their physician or practitioner. For employees injured on the job, the Agency will also follow any requirements under the Federal Employee's Compensation Act and Office of Workers' Compensation Programs' regulations, including use of the Duty Status Report, Form CA 17.

When a supervisor denies a request for Limited/Light duty, the supervisor will notify the employee of the particular reasons for the denial. If denied for medical reasons, the employee will be informed that he or she may at the employee's discretion, provide supporting medical documentation directly to the Agency Medical Officer for reconsideration and recommendation.

Any supporting medical documentation provided to the Agency will be submitted by the employee directly to the Agency Medical Officer in charge of medical determinations, Medical information and/or documentation will be handled appropriately and reason obly.

After review of the employee's medical documentation, the $A_j = \gamma$ Medical Officer will provide the employee and his or her supervisor with a decision and a animitary of the reasons for the decision. The summary of the reasons will not contain diagnosts or proptosis of the employee's medical condition and will not be released to any other Agency official prior to the employee's written consent. If the employee signs a release with his or her private physician or practitioner and his or her physician or practitioner is amenable, the Agency Medical Officer may consult with the employee's physician or practitioner puor to making his or her decision.

Employee concerns regarding breach of privacy by the Agency may be addressed to the ICE Privacy Office or DHS Privacy Officer through civil lawsuit or pursue any other avenues of redress.

14.4. Informal Appeal of Limited/Light Duty

Upon request, an employee will meet with the supervisor to discuss any concerns regarding the Limited/Light duty assignment and, if he or she so desires, provide these objections to the supervisor in writing. The employee may elect to have union representatives present at the meeting. The employee may take reasonable time to consult with a physician in order to resolve disputes. The Agency will provide the employee with a point of contact with information about his or her leave status and the effect of being in a non-pay status on the following:

health and life insurance;

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- 2. Thrift Savings Plan accounts and/or contributions;
- within grade increases;
- leave:
- retirement; and
- 6. buying back annual or sick leave used in lieu of compensation.

An employee injured on the job will be provided with information about Office of Workers' Compensation Programs.

1/2 Limited/Light Duty due to Pregnancy

A request for accommodation due to pregnancy to protect the health of a pregnant employee and/or her unbom child is also covered by this Article. Upon an employee's belief that she may be pregnant and always subsequent to the confinuation of said pregnancy, the employee may request Limited/Light duty excusal from wearing a uniform, and other accommodations. The period of accommodation may continue for the duration of the pregnancy without the need for additional medical documentation. A pregnant employee will not be involuntarily restricted from performing her regular duties solely because of her pregnancy.

14.6. AUO While on Limited/Light Duty

Employees holding positions certified for Administratively Uncontrollable Overrime (AUO) pay who are on Limited/Light duty will not lose their eligibility to receive AUO pay and/or AUO excludability when consistent with Ariele 13, AUO, applicable law, rule and regulation

14.7. Overtime While on Limited/Light Duty.

Employees will not be precluded from being assigned overtime work associated with their light duty assignment based solely on their assignment to Limited/Light duty, if not inconsistent with the en-ployee's medical restrictions.

14.8. Leave for Medical Appointments

During the time the employer is on Limited/Light daty, necessary time will be approved for medical and physical therapy appointments. Leave for such appointments will be taken or provided appropriately and reasonably.

14.9. Limited/Light Duty Notifications

The local Union President will be notified of all Limited/Light duty assignment approvals and denials. The Council President or designer will be notified by the Parties of all Limited/Light duty assignment approvals and denials related to on the job injuries and incapacitation.

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14.10. Grievance Rights

The employee may initiate a grievance following any denial for Limited/Light duty in accordance with Article II, Grievance Procedure.

Article 15 HARASSMENT, REPRISAL AND WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTIONS

15.1. General

15.1.1. Prevention

The Agency will work in partnership with the Union on matters related to retaliation and harassment against bargaining unit employees.

15.1.2. Committees

The Agency encourages the Umon's use of review committees made up of employees, former employees, and members of the public, to review reported instances of barassment and retaliation affecting the bargaining unit, and submit reports to the Director of ICE, and DHS Screenry regarding their findings. The Agency commits to take the committee findings senously, and to review and respond in good faith. A practice of defending the Agency by defending the mappin priate behavior of supervisors does not serve the overall health of the Agency. With respect to work that occurs in these committees bank hours official time will be used to the extent that the work occurs during duty hours.

15.13. Reporting and Outside Consultation

Employees often feel there is no safe or effective way to report allegations of harassment or retaliation, and that doing so will result in increased harassment and retaliation and negatively impact their careers. Among other efforts, ICE is committed to working with the Union to do the following:

- Develop a new means of reporting harassment and retaliation that also provides ongoing support for employees making reports;
- Develop a means of tracking all reports and monitoring the activity level of reported barassment and retaliation by office, AOR and individuals allegedly involved;
- 3 Jointly select outside consultants to advise the Agency and Union in their joint efforts broadly, and investigate reports of individual and sy harassment and retaliation:
- 4 Jointly develop and submit to the Office of Professional Responsibility suggested practices that may be used by ICF anternal affairs investigators at any level to more

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- effectively and consistently investigate allegations of harassment and relatation and report their findings:
- 5 Jointly develop and implement after action reports to be completed by employees reporting harassment or retaliation to receive input from the employees on their perception of the initiative's success;
- 6 Conduct joint, ongoing communication to the field by way of broadcast messages, training, townhalls, etc. of ICE's expectations and progress under its zero-tolerance initiative.

15.1.1. Genera Prohibition of Reprisal and Harassment Not Covered by the Whistleblower Protection Act or EEO Laws

In addition to adhering to the Whistleblower Protection Act and EEO laws, the Agency remains committed to the policy and practice of prohibiting any torm of retaliation or barassment including, but not limited to, improper hiring practices or subjecting employees to disparate or adverse treatment. This will include ensuring that reprisal and barassment of all types against bargaining unit employees union members and representatives, will not be tolerated and is unacceptable Retaliation and barassment against union members for their participation in Duion activities is anaece——thus the Agency commits to a general practice of promptly investigating allegations of retaliation and barassment and disciplining supervisors found to have engaged in retaliatory actions. Employees will not be subject to retaliation for exercising any rights under law, government wide regulation or Agency regulation, or the collective bargaining agreement.

15.2. Whistleblov er Protection

15.2.1. Commitment

The Parties recognize their commitment to the policy and practice of prohibiting reprisal against any employee based on disclosures prox——by the Whisileblower Protection Act, as amended.

15.2.2. Whistleblower Protection Act

Consistent with the Whishblower Protection Act, currently codified at 5 USC 2302(b)(8), employees will be protected against retaliatory personnel actions due to the disclosure of information not prohibited by law that the employee reasonably believes evidences a violation of law, rule or regulation, or gross mismanagement, a gross waste of funds, an abuse of authority, or substantial and specific danger to public or employees' health or safety. If the disclosure of information is specifically prohibited by law or is specifically required by Executive Order to be kept secret in the interest of national defense or the conduct of foreign affairs, in accordance with 5 CFR 1209.4(b), the employee will be protected against retaliatory personnel actions so long as the

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disclosure is made to Congress, the Office of Special Counsel, the Office of Inspector General, or another employee designated. by the head of the agency to receive such disclosures.

15.2.3. Complaint, Appeal, Grievance

Any employee who believes that he or she has been retaliated against for disclosures protected by the Whistleblower Protection Act, as amended, may pursue one of the following three options:

A complaint with the Office of Special Counsel (OSC)

- An individual who is subject to a personnel action that is directly appealable to the Merit Systems Protection Board (MSPB), and claims that the action was taken because of whistleblowing, may elect to file a complaint with the OSC first
- If an individual is subject to a personnel action as described in 5 USC §2302(a)(2)(A)
 and claims the action was taken because of whisileblowing, but the action is not one
 that is directly appealable to the Merit Sestems Protection Board (MSPB), the
 individual must file a complaint with the OSC first
- If the OSC decide—the Agency committed a prohibited personnel action, the OSC will report its findings to the Meni Systems Protection Board (MSPB); or if the OSC
- notifies the cmp love that the OSC is terminating the investigation of the complaint ptable, and de luming to seek corrective action on the employee's behalf, the employee may file an individual right of action appeal with the MSPB within 60 days of receipt of the OSCs decision, or 65 days from the date of the OSCs written notice, whichever is later.
- If the OSC does not contact the employee within 120 days of filing a complaint, the employee can file an individual right of action appeal with the MSPB anytime thematics.

An appeal with the MSPB

- If an employee is subject to a personnel action that is directly appealable to the MSPB, pursuant to 5ct4lR 1201.3(a), and the individual claims that the action was taken because of whistleblowing, it is considered an "otherwise appealable action" and the employee may file an appeal directly with the Board within 30 calendar days of the effective date of the action or receipt of the decision, whichever is later
- If the employee filed with the OSC first, then time limits for appealing to the MSPB
 are the same as for an individual right of action appeal as described in number 3 and
 4 of the OSC Complaint Section above.

A grievance pursuant to Article 11, Grievance Procedure

15.2.4. Standards of Evidence and Burden of Proof

In reviewing grievances related to this Article, arbitrators will apply the same standards of evidence and burden of proof as those applied by the Merit Systems Protection Board to Whisaleblower Protection Act cases.

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15.2.5. Notification and Training

The Agency will provide the following:

- Annual notification and posted notice to employees regarding their rights under the Whistleblower Protection Act;
- An electronic link permanently posted on the Agency intranet for the U.S. Office of Special Counsel (OSC) website which contains forms and information for filing disclosures;
- Training on the Whistleblower Protection Act;
- Official duty time to complete training on the Whistleblower Protection Act, when conducted; and
- A notice in employee work areas and on bulletin boards in locations frequented by bargaining unit employees (e.g., break rooms, cafeterias, or interior lobbies), which identities the relephone numbers for OSC and the decironic link for the OSC website.

15.2.6. Records of Complaints

The agency will track and maintain records of all complaints of reprisal filed with the Office of Special Counsel as well as all other complaints of reprisal filed, to include but not limited to, grievenees, EEO, MSPB, OPR and OIG. Reports containing the following data will be provided to the Union at the Local and National level on a quarterly basis:

- Number of complaints tiled under each type of filing (e.g. EEO, MSPB, guevanes and OPR);
- Case number, disposition and status of each case/complaint;
- Reported basis for the reprisal (e.g., Whistleblower reprisal reprisal against Union Representatives);
- Office or facility where the incident occurred;
- Corrective actions taken, if any;
- Date complaint filed and case completion date; and
- Average case processing time.

Article 16 PRE-DECISIONAL INVOLVEMENT (PDI)

16.1. Recitals

Because bargaining unit employees and their Union representatives are an essential source of front line ideas and information about the realities of delivering Government services to the American people, the Parties agree to engage in PDI to the maximum extent possible.

PDI is a non-adversarial forum for managers, bargaining unit employees, and Union representatives to discuss. Government operations that will promote satisfactory labor relations and improve the productivity and effectiveness of the Federal Government.

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PDI is a complement to the existing collective bargaining process where managers and employees collaborate in continuing to deliver the highest quality services to the American people

During the PDI process, the Agency will discuss policies, working conditions, workplace challenges, and problems with Union representatives and endeavor to develop solutions (entity, rather than propose and then bargain over predetermined solutions.

16.2. Conduct

Agency must engage in PDI without rep arche whether a ropic is negotiable, permissively negotiable, or non-negotiable, and do so early when ideas are still forming.

During PDI, Management must disclose all relevant information as part of the problem solving process without requiring statutory information requests.

Panicipants must have the opportunity to present their thoughts as equals without regard for work related titles or roles.

Participants must not be harassed, and the Parties must establish a reporting process for harassment complaints.

16.3. Procedures

The Agency will pay for required travel and per diern. Barginning unit participants will be selected by the Union and granted Official Time (Other Than Bank Hours) for participation in accordance with Affice 2, Official Time.

Co Chains (one appointed by the Enion, one by Management), in consultation with participants, will establish meeting procedures

t6.4. Limitation

PDI does not waive the rights of labor, employees, or management under the Samue; or waive the obligations set forth in the Collective Bargaining Agreement.

Article 17 UNION REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

17.1. Scope of Union's Right to Information

Except as provided elsewhere in this Agreement, the Agency will provide the Union, upon written request and to the extent not prohibited by law, information and documents, relevant to the parties' collective bargaining relationship, related to matters of interest or concern to the Union or related to

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the conditions of employment of bargaining unit employees. The Finon shall provide its reason(s) for c — such request at the time such request is made.

The Parties agree that, under this Article, in addition to requesting documents, the Fation is cuttled to request that the Agency answer a reasonable number of questions related to matters relevant to the partic collective bargaining relationship, or related to the conditions of collective bargaining unit employed and other matters of interest or concern to the Union. The Agency will provide written responses to the questions within twenty calendar days, to the extent not prohibated by law.

The parties agree that the information request precedure set forth in this Article supplements and expands upon the Union's right to request information under 5 U=C, 7114(b)(4)

17.2. Content of Union Information Requests

No specific form is required for the Union to make a request under this Article Request under this Article can be served by the Union upon the Agence's designee via electronic mail

Duion information requests will c plain the information and documents requeste in sufficient detail to allow the Age — to identify responsive information and documents.

The Union is not required to divulge names of possible gricvants/wittic; ses or the Union's grievance strategies when seeking information under this Article.

17.3. Agency's Response Obligations

Upon receipt of a Union information request for information, unless production of the requestion information is prohibited by law, the Age - will provide the requested information within twenty days of recipt of the request, absent mutual agreement to extend the response deadline. Upon request, the Agency will be granted recipied to extensions when the Agency is mable to recipied without negatively impacting specific responsibilities of the Agency.

If the Agency denies any part of a Urion information request, it will within twenty days of the Union's reque. provide to the Union a written response to the Union's request that explains with specificity the grounds for denying the request

Agency refusal to provide particular information on specific grounds, will not delay the Agency from providing the rest of the requested information to the Union within twenty days of the Union's information request.

Deadlines, for matters (such as Notice of Debts Owed, Discipline/Adverse Action Proposal Responses, Grievances, etc.) which require additional information by the Union or employees, will be it lled or extended pending receipt of requested information

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17.4. Union Reply to Agency's Response:

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The Umon has fifteen days to submit a written reply to the Agency's response to its request for information. In such a request, the Union mar(I) contest the validity of any grounds presente in the Agency's response for not producing requested information; or (2) prese proposed shodifications to its original request to which the Agency would then havenfitheemelous to respond with responsive, information.

17.5. Resolution of Information Request Disputes

The Union may grieve any denial of information requested under this Article pursuant to Article II., Grievance Procedure. The Union may, at its election, pure z the $z^2 \sim z^2$ through expedited arbitration.

18 Union Representatives Permetted on Government Property

National representatives of the Union, Council Officers and Conneil employers to be permitted upon all Agency installations. It is understood that such Union representatives shall, who ever possible, give advance notice to the supervisor micharge of the installation of their impending visit. Upon arrival, Council representatives shall attempt to advise the supervisor, if available, of their presence.

Council Officers, Council employ—and National re-resentatives of the Union shall be permitted to participate in meetings by vecti Local representatives and the Agency and/or hold their own meetings with the Agency.—nex

Council Offic—are permitted in all employes work areas and may speak with and observe employes in the performalise of their duties without interfering with the work popular permitted in advance, Council Officers may conduct ride along visits and observe other operations in the arc

Leaft representatives of the Union and Union employe—working with the Local shall be permitted on all Agency installations in the same manner and with the ψ —privileges as Counc—Officers and employees provided in this Article.

All Union representatives are free to come and go from facilities in their own AOR as any other employee is permitted

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ARTICLE 19 OTHER PROVISIONS

19.1 Severability

In the event that a court of competent jurisdiction finds any term or clause in this Agreement to be invalid, uncutorecable, or illegal, the same will not have an impact on other terms or clauses in the Agreement or the entite Agreement. However, such a term or clause may be revised to the extent required according to the opinion of the court to render the Agreement enforceable or valid, and the rights and responsibilities of the parties shall be interpreted and enforced accordingly, so as to preserve their agreement and intern to the fullest possible extent.

19.2 Timing

The contracting parties waive, irrevocably and for six (6) years from the formation of this AIOA, their rights to dispute or challenge this Agreement except through negotiation

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SIDE LETTER 1 WORKFORCE TRANSFORMATION INITIATIVE

On or about June 25, 2020, ICE autounced the Workforce Transformation Initiative (WTI). In short, the autouncement outlined significant changes to everything ICE employees currently experience in the workplace, and committed to work with the Union in honoring its bargaining obligations.

As an extension of that commitment to work with the Union, the Parties have agreed to develop the WTI (or its successor) in partnership and continue that work as the WTI is implemented and continues in the field for years to come.

The Agency will begin engaging the Union in pre-decisional involvement within 30 days of the execution of this Agreement and bargain as required in accordance with Article 16. Pre-decisional Involvement and Article 3, Impact Bargaining and Mid Term Bargaining prior to implementation

Once the WTI is fully implemented in the field, the Agency will continue to engage the Union in a pre-decisional environment as the initiative advances and addresses different ICE worksites, and bangain changes in accordance with the collective bangaining agreement.

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SIDE LETTER 2 FIELD DELIVERED TRAINING

On or about 2019, the Agency initiated an On the Job (OJT) Working Group, and detailed its work on the Field Delivered Training Policy, Field Training Officer Handlook, Police Problem Based Learning, OJT Studies and Job Analysis, etc.

The project represents perhaps the largest scale and most dynamic shift in training in ERO since its establishment, affecting every officer in the field in some way perhaps for the rest of his or her career due to its ongoing training approach and use of bargaining unit employees as instructors

The Parties agree to develop all associated training and policy (or that of its successor program) in partnership and continue that work as the training program is implemented and cominues in the field for years to come.

The Agency will be junctigaging the Union in pre-decisional involvement within 30 days of the execution of this Agreement and bargain changes in accordance with Anticle 16, Pre-decisional Involvement and Article 3, Impact Bargaining and Mid Term Bargaining prior to implementation.

Once the training program is fully implemented in the field, the Agency will continue to engage the Union in a pre-decisional environment to as the program advances, and bargain proposed changes in accordance with the collective bargaining agreement.

SIDE LETTER 3 POSITION DUTIES, TRAINING FOR COUNCIL OFFICERS

The Agency acknowledges that the schedules of Council officers are extremely demanding, especially for those working significant amounts of official time. Council officers sacrifice much of their personal lives and careers to serve their fellow employees and the Agency. It is often a struggle for Council officers to keep current on law enforcement practices and other duties, which can also negatively impact the intense policy work they are often engaged in.

In acknowledgement of the sacrifices and difficulties experienced by Council officers on official time in scheduling time to perform their regular job duries and keep up to date on the ever changing workplace, the Agency commits to allow maximum flexibility to Council officers to come into their offices and perform duries related to their positions, receive training, and otherwise be permitted to work various duties to gain job experience they miss as a result of their other commitments. This flexible approach better prepares Council officers if called upon to return during government shutdowns, etc. Nothing herein requires the Agency to assign overnine hours to accomplish the goals of this side letter.

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